ENGLISH GRAMMAR 1 SUBORDINATION

- ☐ Greenbaum and Quirk, 1990: pp. 283–303; 314-326
- □ Blaganje and Konte, 1998: pp. 489-508; 529-562; 526-562

Subordination

- One of the units is a constituent of a superordinate unit
- The complex sentence contains one main clause and one or more subordinate clauses

Clauses

- Main clause: generally independent clause [glavni, neodvisni stavek]
- Subordinate clause: hypotaxis [podrejeni stavek]
- Superordinate clause: a clause of which the subordinate clause is a constituent
- Matrix clause: superordinate clause without the subordinate clause

Types of clauses

- Nominal
- Adverbial
- Adjectival/attributive (relative)

Nominal clauses:

- Dependent statements (that clauses): introduced by "that"
- Dependent wh-questions/ whinterrogative clauses
- Dependent verbal questions

How the book will sell depends on the reviewers.

□ Function: S

☐ I can't imagine what they want with your address.

☐ Function: DO

☐ The problem is who will water my plants when I am away.

☐ Function: SC

- Apposition: in PostM position (follows the S) and gives more information.
- Your original question, why he didn't report it to the police earlier, has not yet been answered.
- □ PostM in AdjP:
 - I am not sure which she prefers.
- Complement to the Preposition:
- They didn't consult us on whose names should be put forward.

- Subordinators:
 - □ Whether
 - \square If
- Whether she likes the present is not clear to me.

Function: S

Do you know <u>if</u> the banks are open?

☐ Function: DO

☐ The question is whether he will show up.

☐ Function: SC

- Apposition: restatement of the headword
- The question, <u>whether</u> he will show up, has not yet been answered.
- □ PostM in AdjP:
- I am not sure if I should go.
- Complement to the Preposition:
- They didn't consult us on whether we would consider the proposition.

Adverbial clauses

- Main function: adverbials
- ☐ Use of comma:
 - insert only if the <u>adverbial clause</u> <u>proceeds the main clause</u>, because in that case nothing is introducing the main clause.
 - If the adverbial clause follows the main clause there is no comma

- Of time [časovni odvisnik]
- Of place [krajevni odvisnik]
- Of manner / of similarity [načinovni odvisnik]
- Of comparison [primerjalni odvisnik]
- Of cause/reason [vzročni odvisnik]
- Of result/consequence [posledični odvisnik]
- Of purpose [namenilni odvisnik]
- Of condition [pogojni odvisnik]
- Of concession [dopustni / protivni odvisnik]

Buy your ticket <u>as soon as you</u> reach the station.

Adverbial clause of time.

- □ Also:
 - When
 - While
 - Before
 - After

They went wherever they could find work.

Adverbial clause of place.

- □ Also:
 - Where
 - Wherever

☐ Please do **exactly as I said.**

Adverbial clause of manner /of similarity

She looks <u>as if she is getting</u> better.

Adverbial clause of comparison.

□ Also: As though

You will help me because you are my friend.

Adverbial clause of cause/reason.

I took no notice of him <u>so</u> he flew into a rage.

Adverbial clause of result/ of consequence.

☐ The school closes earlier so that children can get home before dark.

Adverbial clause of purpose.

If you put the baby down, she will scream.

Adverbial clause of condition.

No goals were scored <u>though</u> it was an exciting game.

Adverbial clause of concession (shows the contrast).