EXERCISE 1 – Past Simple or Past Perfect?

		to business as soon as we (introduce)				
	to each other.					
2.	When Queen Victoria (die)	in 1901, she (reign) for				
	over 60 years.					
3.	Once they (settle)	the agenda, the committee (circulate)				
	it to all members of the society.					
	Nothing (move)	in the room until the police (take)				
	photos.					
5.	He (refuse)	to sign the agreement until after certain points (clear up)				
6.		what a lucky escape we (have)				
		to his house after a holiday to find it (break into)				
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
8.	None of his teachers (understand) how he (manage)					
^	to fail the examinat					
	I (write) to the suppliers asking why the goods (not arrive; yet)					
	. They (reply	to say that they (already; sent				
10	(passive))	'				
		e manager's office, but (discover)				
	(just; miss)	him. He (go out) for lunch.				
11.	A search party (set out) to look for the two climbers, who (leave)					
		that morning and (still; not return)				
12.		great difficulty in breaking through the defenses,				
	which (strengthen)	considerably during the preceding month.				
13.		the answer to the problem that (occupy)				
1.1	his mind for the last two months.					
		the game against a side that (previously; not beat				
	(passive))	at home that season.				
	the test of time.	to continue with a design that (stand)				
ΕX	ERCISE 2					
		ne verb in each example and the past perfect for the				
	naining verb(s).					
	- , ,					
1.	The results last term (be)	better than anyone (expect)				
2.	What (happen)	next was just what everyone (fear)				
3.	We eventually (arrive)	at a solution, but not the one we (envisage)				
4.		with him. This was something he (not anticipate)				
5.	Ten o'clock and the climbers (already; be) near the summit. T					
	(make) better progress than (ever; dare) to					
6.	No one (seem)	to know exactly what arrangements (make)				
	for accommodation.					
7.	The stop-watch (say)	three minutes, fifty-eight seconds – he (break)				
	the world record. He (succeed) in doing what					
		nk)impossible.				

8.	3. Now (begin) the exploration of a territory that no European (ev						
		foot on befo					
9.			to his relief	that he (not take)			
	the	e wrong road afte	r all.				
10	. The Governm	ent (find)	itself forced to adopt policies it (earlier; reject)				
EZ	KERCISE 3						
		brackets into the	correct tense				
	te the verbs in	oraciicis into tii	. correct tenoc.				
When he (see)			his wife off at the station, he (return)				
	home as h	ne (not have)	to be at the airport till 9.30. He (not have)				
		to pack, for	his wife (already; do)		that for him		
and his case (be)			ready in the hall. He (not have)to				
			er, for his wife (always				
she (leave) the			-	·			
to decide whether or not to take his overcoat with him. In the end he (decide)							
not to. At		not to. At 8.	30 he (pick)	up his c	case, (go)		
	ou	t of the house and	d (slam)	the door beh	ind him. Then he		
(fe	feel) in his pockets for the key, f			wife (remind)	him		
to	double-lock the	front door. Whe	n he (search)	all his	pockets and (find)		
			remember)				
	eave) it in his overcoat pocket. Then he (remember)						
	•		ckets (be)	•			
301	incuming clot, in	is passport and th	-vcm (nc)	III III3 UVCICUAL	Pocket as well.		