

Teoretične n.:

1.) $W_{min} = W_{rev}$, $dW = -P_{ext}dV = -PdV \Rightarrow W_{rev} = -\int_{V_1}^{V_2} PdV = -nRT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = -\frac{m}{M} R T \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1} = -\frac{1000g}{28g/mol} \cdot 8.314 J/mol \cdot K \cdot 300K \cdot \ln \frac{0.1K}{1K}$
 $W = 205 kJ$

2.) $dQ = 0$; $dQ = dQ_1 + dQ_2 \Rightarrow -dQ_1 = dQ_2$
 $dS = dS_1 + dS_2 \Rightarrow \int_{T_1}^T \frac{hC_p}{T} dT + \int_{T_2}^T \frac{hC_p}{T} dT = hC_p \left[\ln \frac{T}{T_1} + \ln \frac{T}{T_2} \right] = hC_p \ln \frac{T^2}{T_1 T_2} = 0.5 \cdot 27.7 J/mol \cdot K \cdot \ln \frac{323.15^2 K^2}{373.15 \cdot 273.15 K^2}$
 $\Delta S = 0.93 J/K$

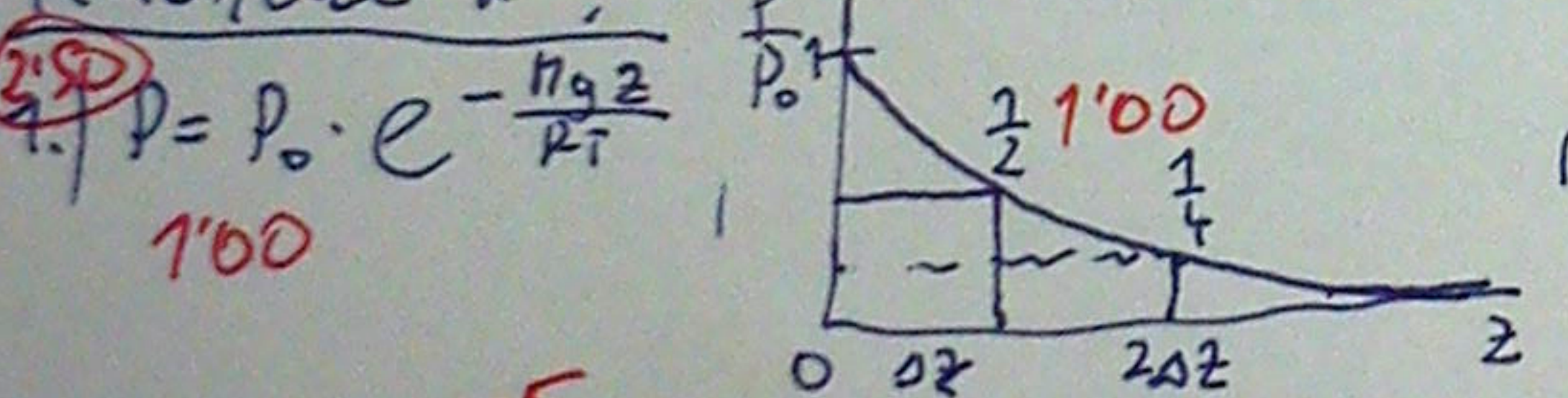
3.) $\frac{d \ln P}{dT} = \frac{\Delta H}{RT^2} \Rightarrow \ln \frac{P_2}{P_1} = -\frac{\Delta H}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right) \Rightarrow P_2 = P_1 \cdot e^{-\frac{\Delta H}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)} = 1 atm \cdot e^{-\frac{4276 J/mol}{8.314 J/mol \cdot K} \left(\frac{1}{373.15} - \frac{1}{273.15} \right)}$
 $P_2 = 0.2325 atm$
 $P_1 \cdot V = n_1 R T_1$, $P_2 \cdot V = n_2 R T_2 \Rightarrow \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{n_2}{n_1} \cdot \frac{T_1}{T_2} \Rightarrow n_2 = n_1 \cdot \frac{P_2}{P_1} \cdot \frac{T_1}{T_2} = 0.0296 mol$

$n_2 = n_1 - n_2 = (1 - 0.0296) mol = 0.9704 mol \Rightarrow m = M \cdot n_2 = 28g/mol \cdot 0.9704 mol = 27.17g$

4.) $K_a = \frac{a_{NO_2}^2}{a_{N_2O_4}} \approx \frac{P_{NO_2}^2}{P_{N_2O_4}} = \frac{P_{NO_2}^2}{P_{N_2O_4}} \cdot \frac{1}{P^\ominus} = \frac{X_{NO_2}^2 \cdot P^2}{X_{N_2O_4} \cdot P P^\ominus} = \frac{X_{NO_2}^2 \cdot P}{X_{N_2O_4} \cdot P^\ominus}$
 $K_p = \frac{X_{NO_2}^2 \cdot P}{X_{N_2O_4} \cdot P^\ominus}$; $K_p \approx K_a = e^{-\frac{\Delta G^\ominus}{RT}} = e^{-\frac{600 J/mol}{8.314 J/mol \cdot K \cdot 298.15 K}} = 0.785$

$N_2O_4 \rightleftharpoons 2NO_2$
 $n_0(1-\alpha)$, $n_0 2\alpha \Rightarrow \sum n_i = n_0(1+\alpha) \Rightarrow X_{NO_2} = \frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha}$, $X_{N_2O_4} = \frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha} \Rightarrow K_p = \frac{\left(\frac{2\alpha}{1+\alpha}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}\right)} \cdot \frac{P}{P^\ominus}$
 $2 = 0.5 \Rightarrow K_p = \frac{1}{1.5 \cdot 0.5} \cdot \frac{P}{P^\ominus} = \frac{1}{0.75} \cdot \frac{P}{P^\ominus} \Rightarrow P = 0.75 P^\ominus \cdot K_p = 0.75 \cdot 0.785 \cdot 1 atm = 0.589 atm$

Teoretične n.:



$\uparrow P \Rightarrow$ hitro pada P z višino $\Rightarrow He, Ne$ v visji, le parobla ste.
 $\uparrow T \Rightarrow$ počasne pada P z višino

