

Rešitve petnajste domače naloge

1. (a) $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2: (y > \frac{2}{\pi}x, y > -\frac{2}{\pi}x, y > 0) \vee (y < \frac{2}{\pi}x, y < -\frac{2}{\pi}x, y < 0)\}$
 (b) $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{N}_0} \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2: x^2 + y^2 \in [2\pi k, 2\pi k + \pi]\}$
 (c) $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2: y > -x\}$
 (d) $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2: x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty), y \in [-2, 2]\}$

2.

3. (a) $[0, \infty)$
 (b) Nivojnice so krožnice s središčem v $(1, 0)$.
 (c) $x = 1$: Funkcija $f_1 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f_1(y) := |y|$.
 $y = 0$: Funkcija $g_0 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, g_0(x) := |x - 1|$.
 (d) Graf je stožec z vrhom v $(1, 0)$.

4.

$$\frac{\partial^2 g(x, y)}{\partial x \partial x} = f''(xf(y))f(y)^2,$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g(x, y)}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 g(x, y)}{\partial x \partial y} = f'(y)f'(xf(y)) + xf(y)f'(y)f''(xf(y)),$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g(x, y)}{\partial y \partial y} = x^2 f'(y)^2 f''(xf(y)) + xf''(y)f'(xf(y))$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned} h''(x) &= (2x + 1)^2 \cos^2(x(x + 1)) \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x_2 \partial x_2} (e^x x, \sin(x(x + 1))) \\ &\quad - ((2x + 1)^2 \sin(x(x + 1)) - 2 \cos(x(x + 1))) \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_2} (e^x x, \sin(x(x + 1))) \\ &\quad + e^x (x + 2) \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_1} (e^x x, \sin(x(x + 1))) \\ &\quad + (e^x (x + 1))^2 \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x_1 \partial x_1} (e^x x, \sin(x(x + 1))) \\ &\quad + 2e^x (x + 1)(2x + 1) \cos(x(x + 1)) \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} (e^x x, \sin(x(x + 1))) \end{aligned}$$

6. (a) e^3

(b) 0

(c) Ne obstaja (V točkah (x, x^2) izraz ni definiran.)

(d) Ne obstaja (V točkah $(x, -\sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2}{3}})$ izraz ni definiran.)

7. (a) $1 \cdot 1 + (3 \cdot 1 \cdot 1) \cdot (0, 02) + (2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1)(-0, 03) = 1$

(b) $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)(2\pi/180) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)(-\pi/180) = \frac{1+\pi 3\sqrt{3}}{4 \cdot 180}$

8. $\frac{4}{5} \cdot 0,2 + \frac{3}{5} \cdot (-0,1) = \frac{1}{10}$

9. Zvezna in diferenciable je na \mathbb{R}^2 .