

Navidezna resničnost



Kaj je navidezna resničnost?

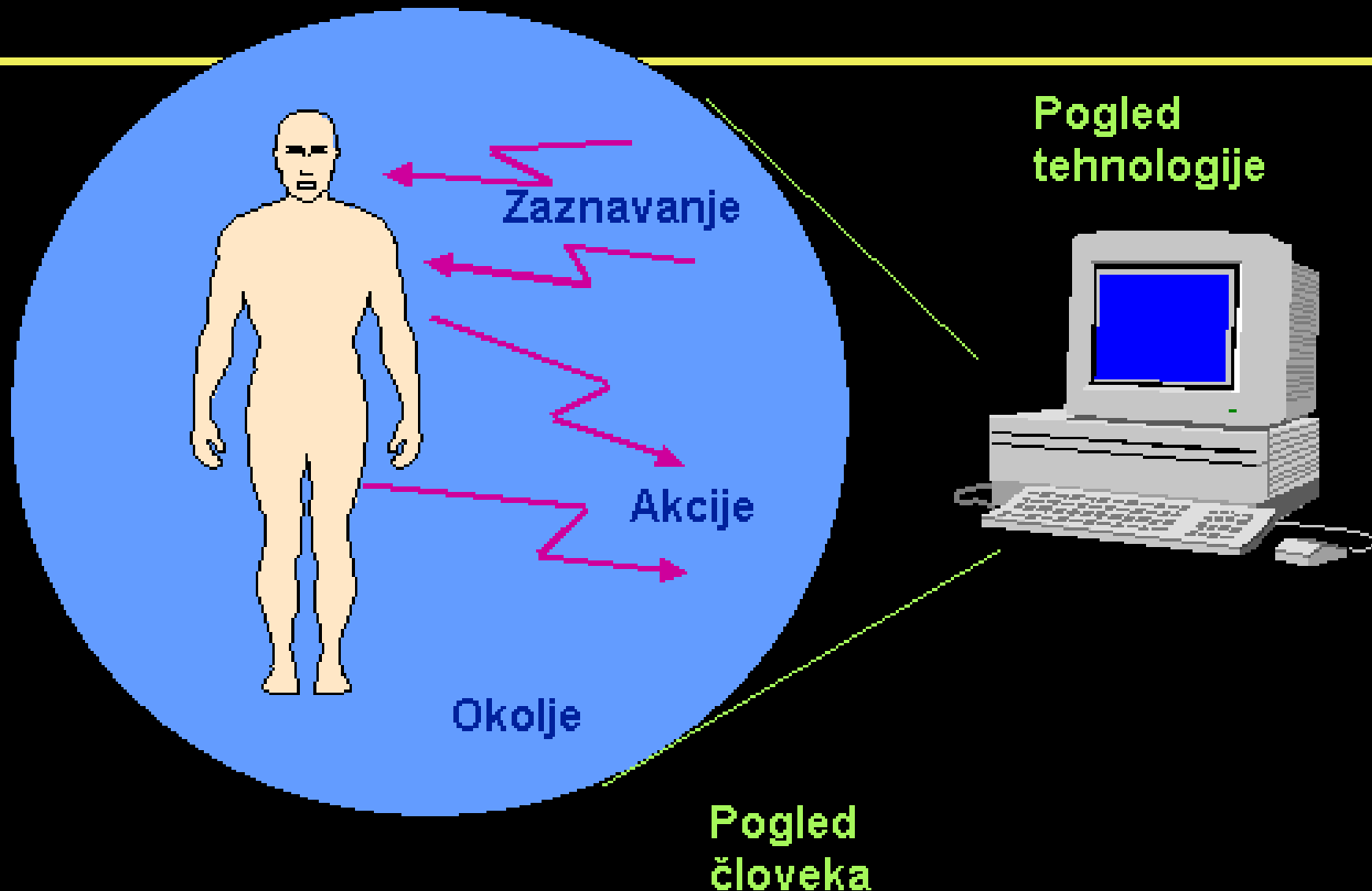


Kaj je navidezna resničnost

Artificial computer-generated worlds that “feel” real, that respond to your every move much as the real world does.

Simulated environment into which a user “enters”, moves around and interacts with objects.

Koncept navidezne resničnosti



Malo zgodovine

Introducing . . .

sensorama

The Revolutionary Motion Picture System
that takes you into another world
with

- 3-D
- WIDE VISION
- MOTION
- COLOR
- STEREO-SOUND
- AROMAS
- WIND
- VIBRATIONS



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SENSORAMA, INC., 855 GALLOWAY ST., PACIFIC PALISADES, CALIF. 90272

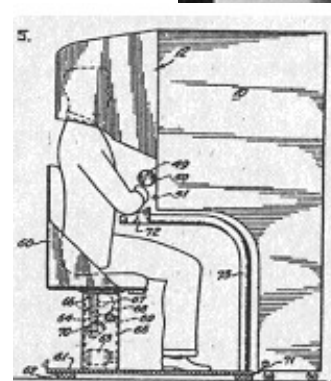
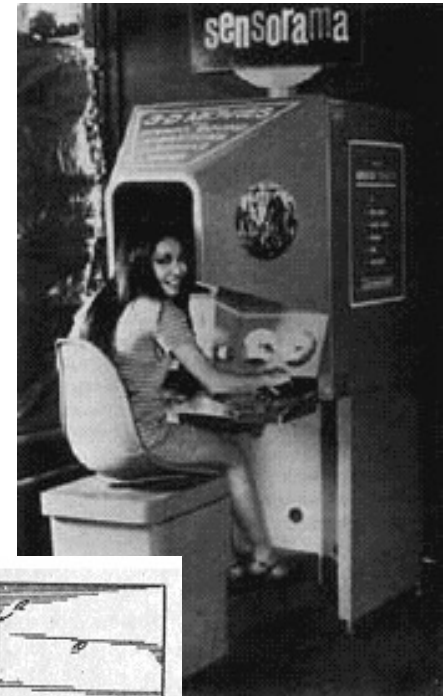
TEL. (213) 459-2162

Malo zgodovine



1956

- Stereo Film
- Vibration
- Smell
- Sound
- Wind
- Graphics
- (not interactive)



Malo zgodovine

Flight Simulators (1930~)

Stereo / Large Scale Movies (1930 ~)

Morton Heilig's Sensorama (First HMD, 1950's)

Visually coupled Tele-operated Environment and HUD's (60's ~)
(HMD + Trackers + Camera)

Modern Computer Graphics (Sutherland @ MIT, "Sketchpad", '63)

HMD + CG + Tracker + (Camera) (Sutherland @ Utah, '68)

"Ultimate Display / WOW", Augmented Reality)

UNC's Grope Project (Haptic Display, '69):

"Who wants his intelligence amplified ?"

Doug Englebart and ARC at Stanford: "Symbiosis" (60's ~ early 70's)

-> PARC -> ATARI -> APPLE -> ... (70's ~ late 80's)

MIT ArchMac Group -> Media Lab (70's ~ today)

(Aspen Movie Map, "Put that there ☺)

Malo zgodovine

1977 Sayre Glove (first glove with bend sensing device))

1981 DataGlove by Zimmerman (sold to VPL by Fisher and Lanier)

1979 Polhemus Navigation Trackers

1983 Myron Krueger's VideoPlace

- **3D interaction, 3D gesture recognized by vision, Multiple participants**

VIEW NASA Ames Research Center

- **BOOM, Convolvotron, RB2 (VPL) ...**

VCASS Visually Coupled Airborne System Simulator (SuperCockpit)

90's: VR emerging ...

- **Fish Tank VR: Desktop VR with Head Tracking**
- **AutoDesk's WorldToolKit**
- **Projection based environments (CAVE / ImmersaDesk)**
- **91 Reality Engine**
- **94 Sensable Device's Phantom**

Terminologija

Virtual / Synthetic Environments

Tele-presence

Presence

Cyberspace

Immersion

Simulator / Motion Sickness

Lag time

3D rendering / Graphics Engine

Polygons per second

Silicon Graphics (SGI)

CAD

VRML

Bodysuit

Head Mounted Display (HMD)

3D Mouse

Joystick

Roll, Pitch, Yaw

Stereoscopic Display

Liquid Crystal Shutterglasses

Ultrasonic / Magnetic / Optical
Tracking

Cyber / Power / Data Glove

6 Degrees of Freedom (DoF)

Manipulation

Haptic Display

Position Tracking

Feedback

Presence - The feeling of 'being there'.

Immersion - One is immersed if one perceives the environment on a 1 to 1 scale.

Motion Sickness - caused by time lags in head movement and what one sees.

Lag time – The time it takes for the computer to register a movement and show its consequence.

Haptic Display - feeling virtual objects.

Position Tracking - How the computer knows where you are and what you are looking at

Navidezna resničnost in lažni svetovi (umetnost)

Recreating a “**difficult to attain in real life**” experience as realistic as possible using computer software/hardware and other devices (or even using drugs !?)

“**synthetic sensory experience** that communicate physical and abstract components to human participant”

Sensory information may include visual, haptic, tactile, auditory, olfactory, etc.

Note that the **visual sense** is very dominating. High degree of telepresence is still possible with just stereo graphics and strong depth cues (perspectives, lighting, shadows, motion parallax ...)

Presence in telepresence

One of the goals of directly influencing such various human senses is to create the feeling of "presence" ...

- **feeling of being there** (visitation) vs. just seeing
- ability to distinguish whether real or not
- relates to reflexive response of user (will you duck at an incoming missile, or feel dizzy at a virtual cliff ?)

Presence requires: **Realism and Interaction**

- “Immersive” environments
- First person viewpoint (exocentric vs. egocentric ...)
- Involvement (degrees of control)
- LOD Control (visual and frame time variation)
- Collision response (latency)
- Peripheral vision and FOV
- *Measuring Presence : SSQ, PQ*

Interakcija v realnem času

Well, interactivity has only been possible due to the recent increase and availability of powerful computers ...

Many technical issues involved with VR is in implementing the artificial senses and control in "real" time (e.g. 10-20 frames of image for the visual senses, 1/10 sec of delay between natural interactions, 50-100 msec of latency, etc.)

Interaktivnost

not static 3D images

not movies

moving within the world

manipulating objects in the world

Vrste navidezne resničnosti

desktop VR

ordinary screen, mouse or keyboard control
polemous mouse, steering wheel, joystick

immersive VR

helmet/goggles, data glove
body suit, trampoline!

physical world/VR mixes

“svetovi” navidezne resničnosti

- **Contain some or all “senses”**
 - sight
 - sound
 - motion
 - smell
 - feel and touch

Klasifikacija navidezne resničnosti

- Simulatorji kabin
- Projicirana resničnost
- Obogatena resničnost
- Teleprisotnost
- Desktop VR
- Visual Coupled Displays
- Spatially Immersive Displays

Simulatorji kabin

similar to military
simulators
usually some sort of
HUD
airplane, tank, etc
good for LBE
BattleTech game



Projicirana resničnost

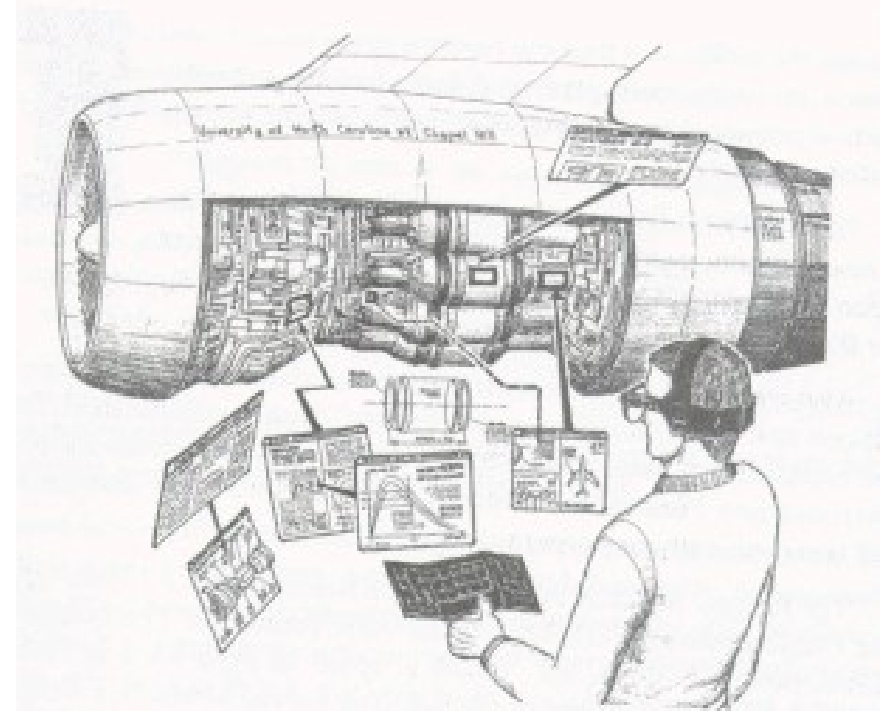
projected
environments
aka “mirrorworld”
Mandala systems
most popular
many applications



Sharpening up reflexes on the NHL VR Goaltender Trainer. Copyright © 1991 by the Vivid Group. Reprinted by permission.

Obogatena resničnost

uses head displays
access to diagrams,
parts lists, etc.
Boeing a prime
example



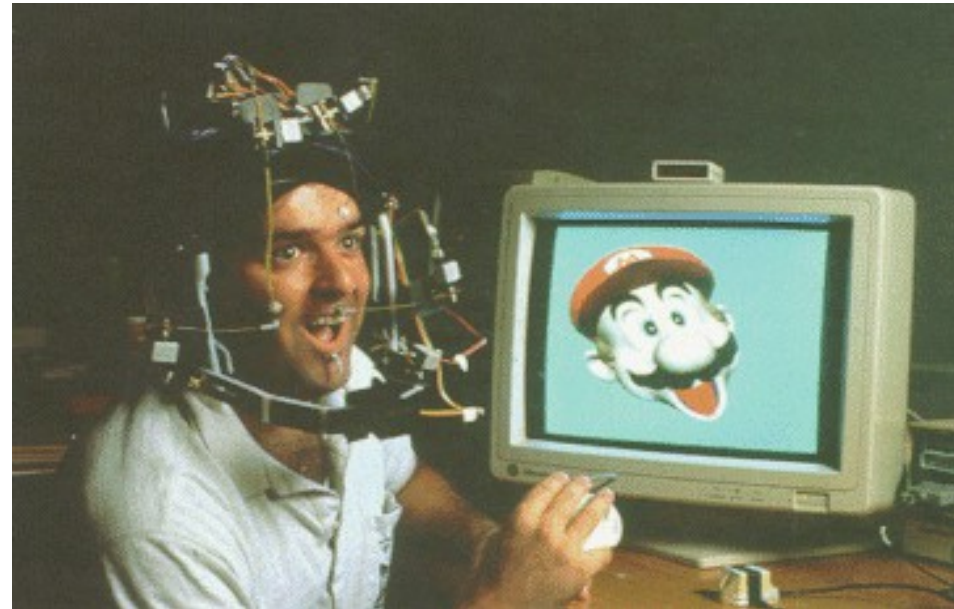
Teleprisotnost

project to a different
place

operate equipment
or robots

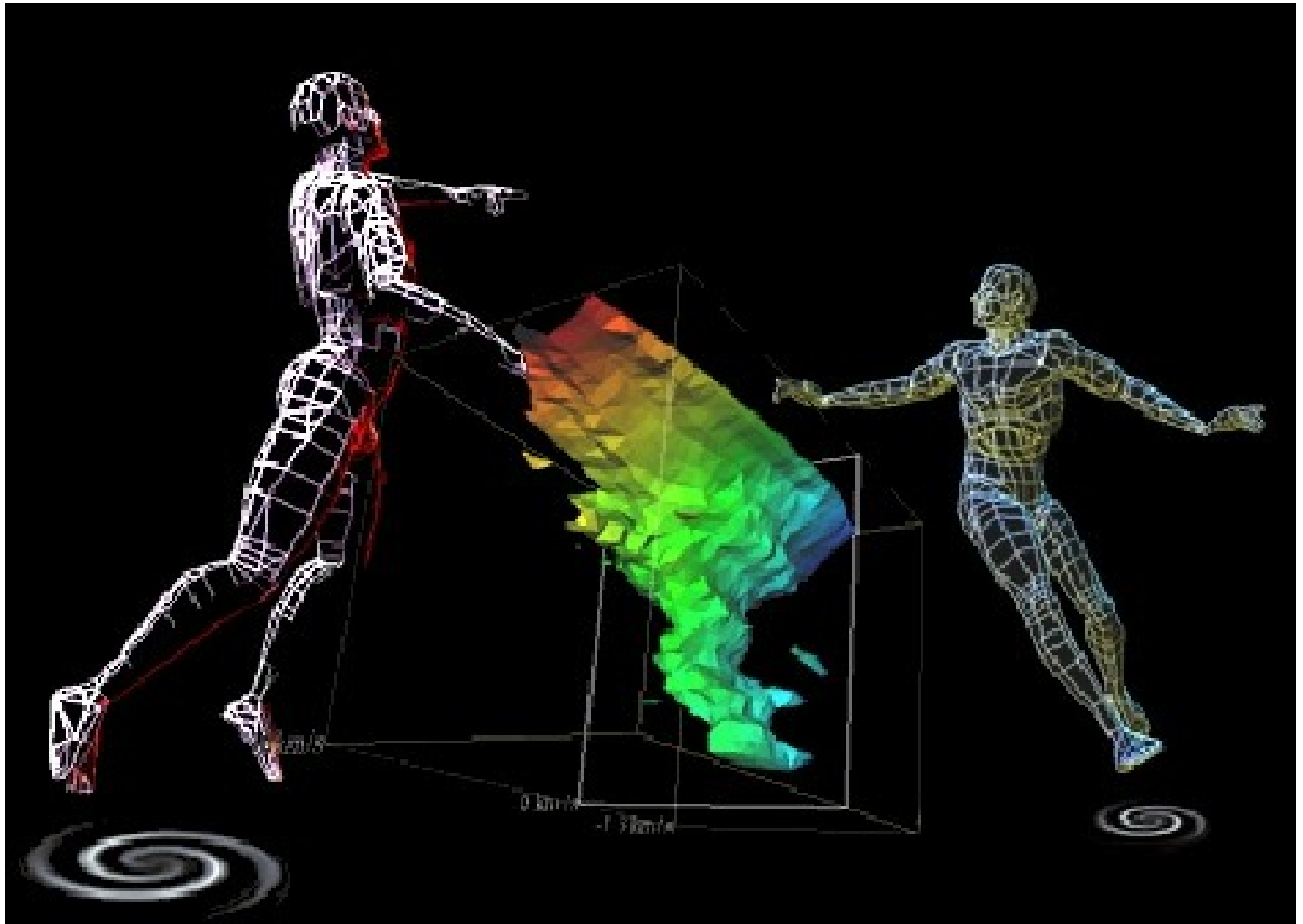
medicine apps

exploration apps



Tele Prisotnost :

Geografsko ločeno sodelovanje v simuliranem in prikazanem okolju



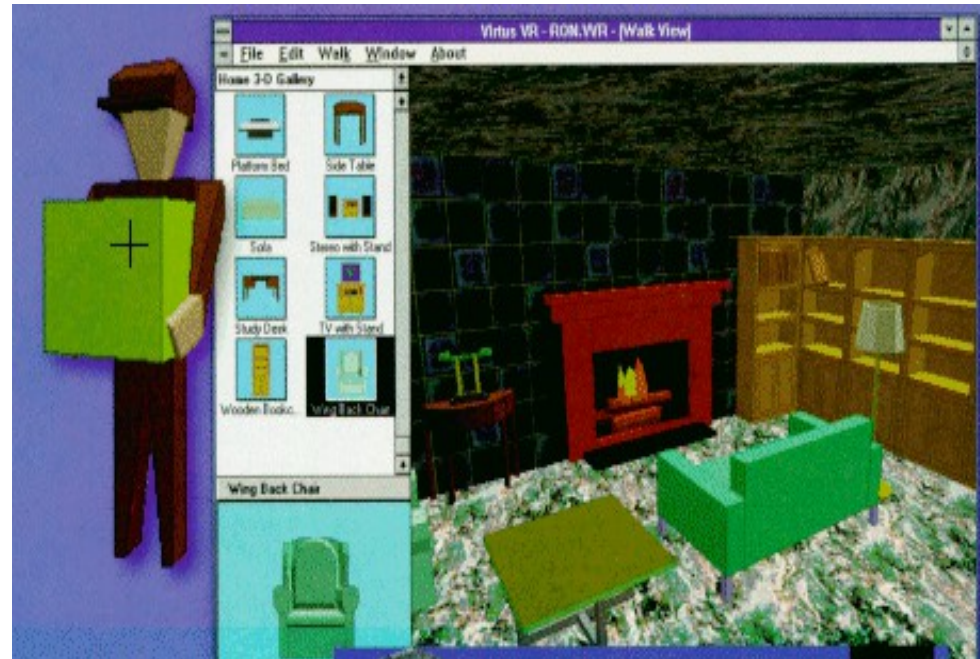
Tele prisotnost



Občutek, da si
fizično prisoten
v računalniško generiranem
ali oddaljenem okolju

Namizna navidezna resničnost (Desktop VR)

- uses personal computers
- usually cheaper
- immersive or not
- good for walkthroughs
- several software packages available



Izhodne naprave

Visual

- Computer Screen, **Head Mounted Display**, **Active Stereo**, **Passive Stereo** (Imax), **Cyberscope**, **Immersive Workbench**, CAVE, Spherical Projection, Big Screen Technology, Visiondome, Reality Centre.

Audio (Stereo)

- Speakers, Earphones, Speech, Music

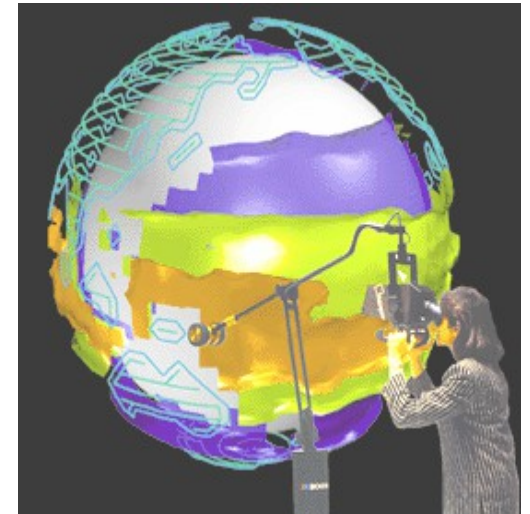
Tactile

- PHANTOM, ReachIn, Tactile Gloves

Motion

- eg. Flight Simulators and “rollercoaster” machines using pneumatic motion simulators

Prikazovalniki



Izhodne naprave-stereoskopska očala



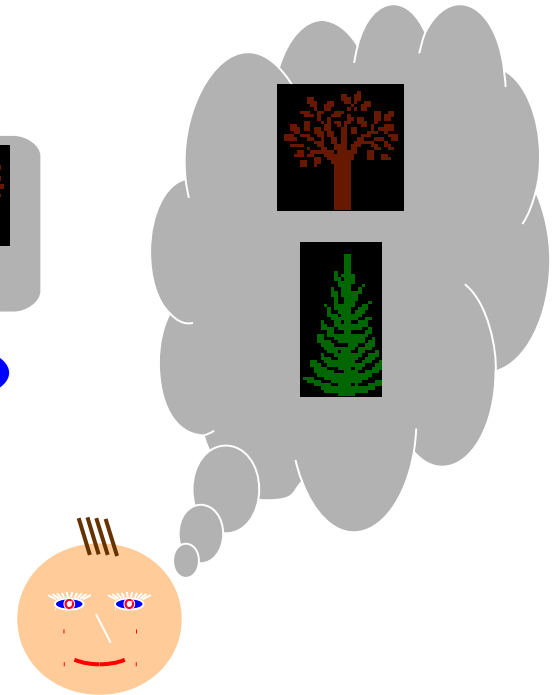
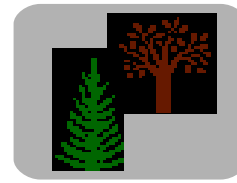
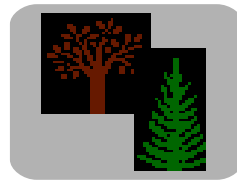
Visual Coupled Displays

most popular
version
various types of
HMD
gives immersive
sensation
includes head
tracking often

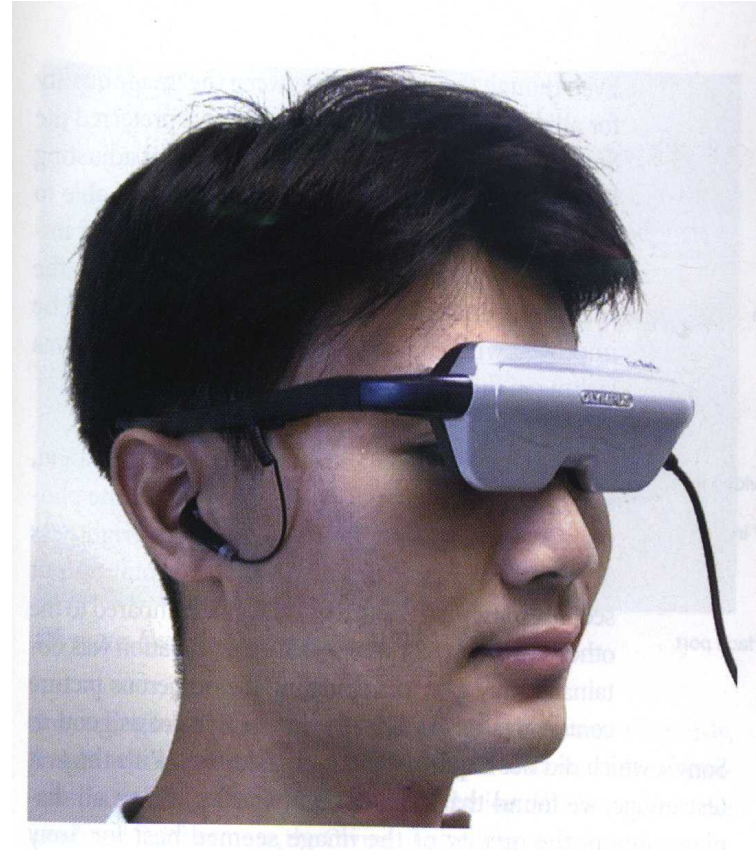
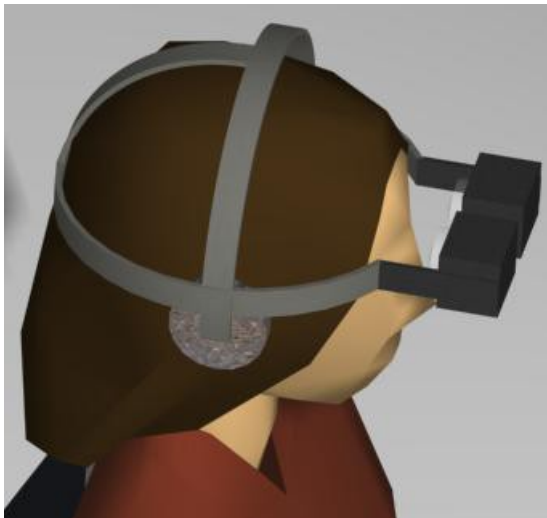


Stereoskopska očala

slightly different angles
3D effect

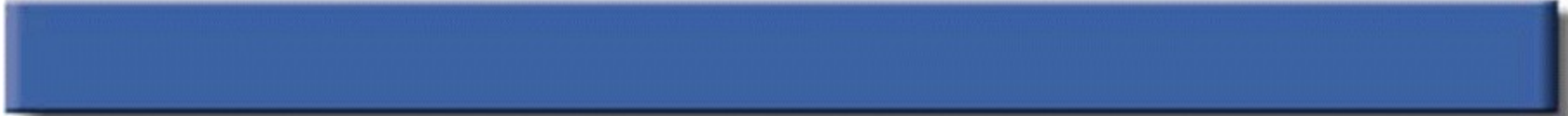


Head Mounted Displays



Vhodno-izhodne naprave -boom





Karakteristike prikazovalnikov

FOV (Field of View): Angle subtended by the viewing surface from a given observer location

- Humans: 120H x 180V
- Related to Spatial Resolution
(No. of Pixels that can be displayed in unit area)
- Related to Angular Resolution
(Visual angle a pixel subtends from a particular location)

Refresh Rate

Brightness

Color



Stereoskopija in občutek globine

We want Auto Stereoscopy

Occulo-motor Cues

- **Accommodation: changing shape of eye lens to focus**
Convergence: rotate eyes to fixate on object
- **Accommodation and Convergence work together ... but ...**

Binocular Disparity: Difference in retinal images due to projection of objects at different depth

- **Depth is felt with respect to an object in focus**
- **Screen Parallax must be (re) computed based current fixation point to get right disparity feeling**

Motion Parallax: Differential angular velocity of objects at different depth from observer (close objects move more rapidly than far objects)





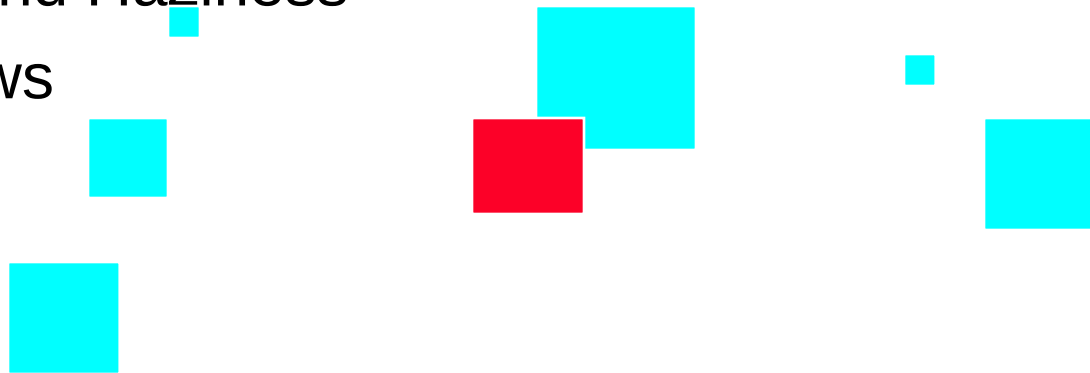
Perspective

Occlusion

Height in Field of View and Relative Size

Color and Haziness

Shadows



Cues are usually additive

Display Systems

Anaglyphs / Polarized Glasses

HMD: Accommodation / Convergence Conflict

Time Multiplexed (Crystal Eye): Front Object Clipping

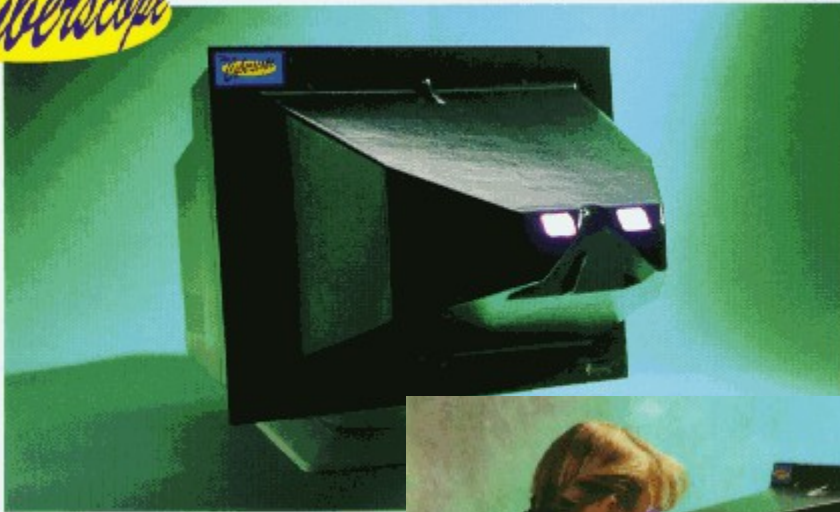
Boom: Hand(s) Occupied

Retinal Display

Fully / Semi / Non Immersive

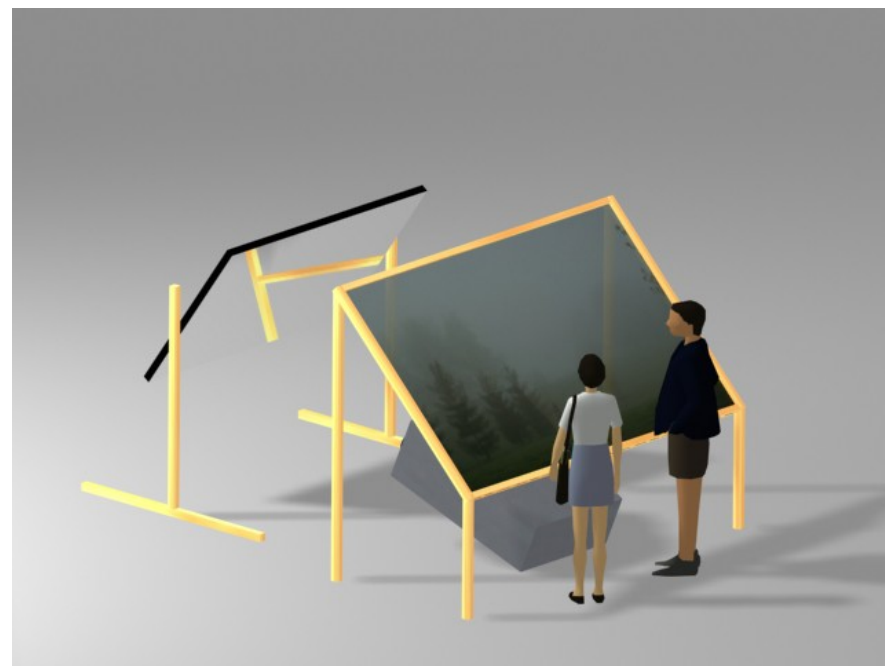
Cyberscope

The
*Cyberscope*TM



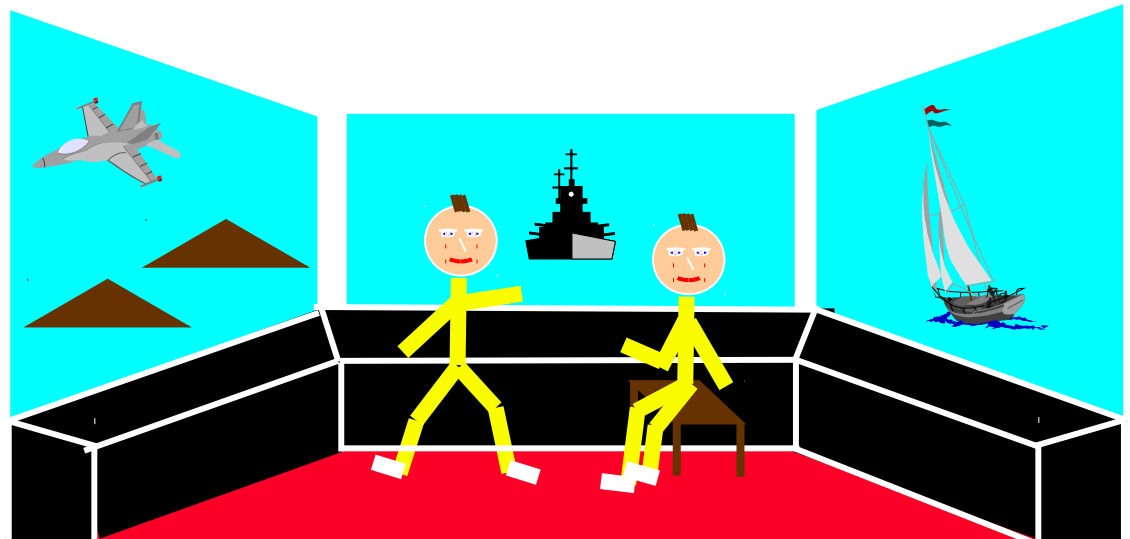
GO
BAC
K

Immersive Workbench



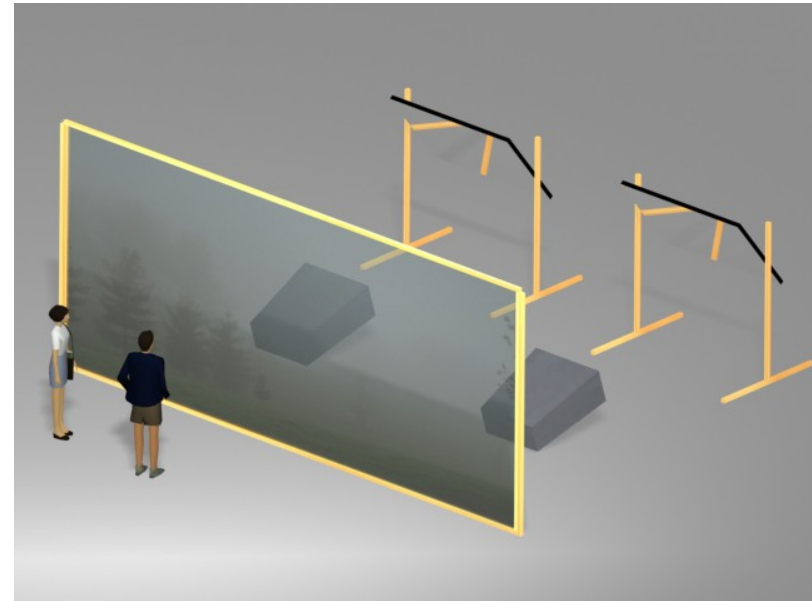
inside VR

- scenes projected on walls
- realistic environment
- hydraulic rams!
- real controls
- other people

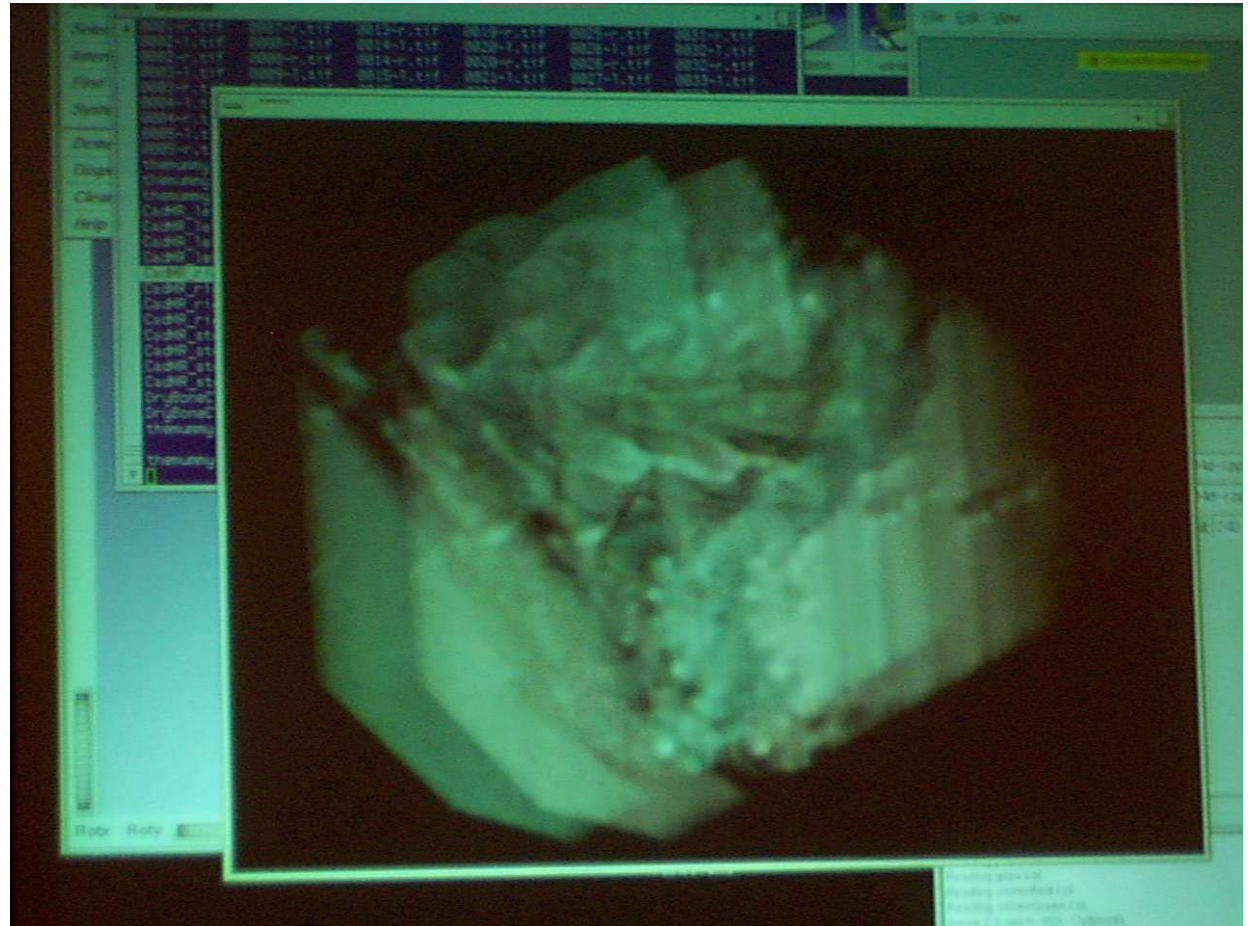


Demo

Immersive Work Wall

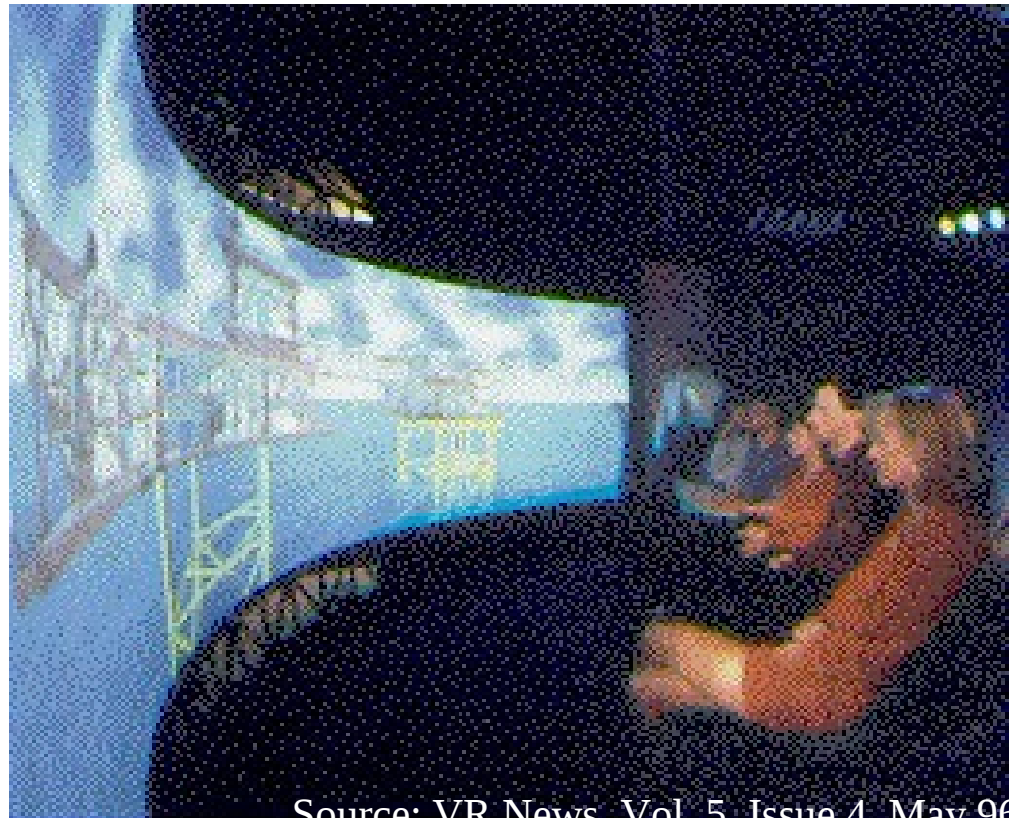


Stereoskopska projekcija

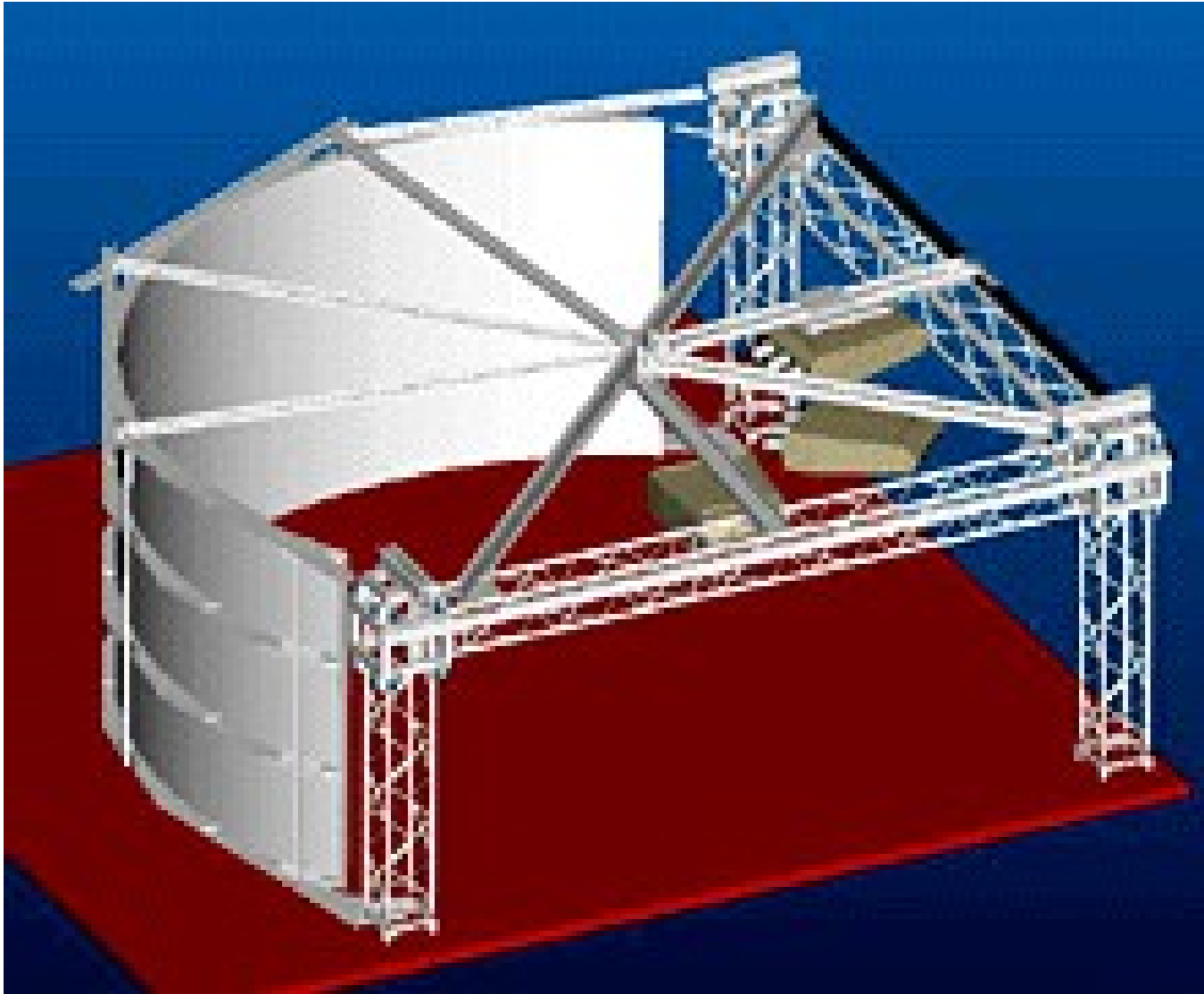


Spatially Immersive Displays

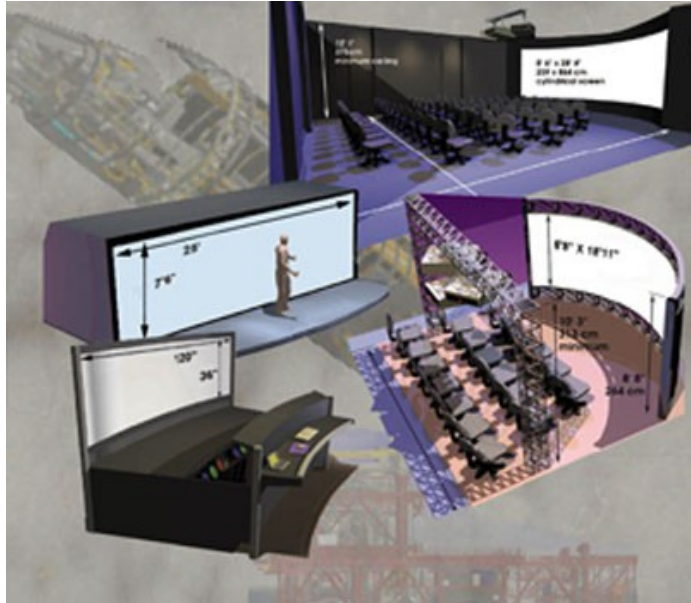
- theater environment
- designed for large groups
- non-immersive or immersive
- most popular is the “CAVE”



Source: VR News, Vol. 5, Issue 4, May 96



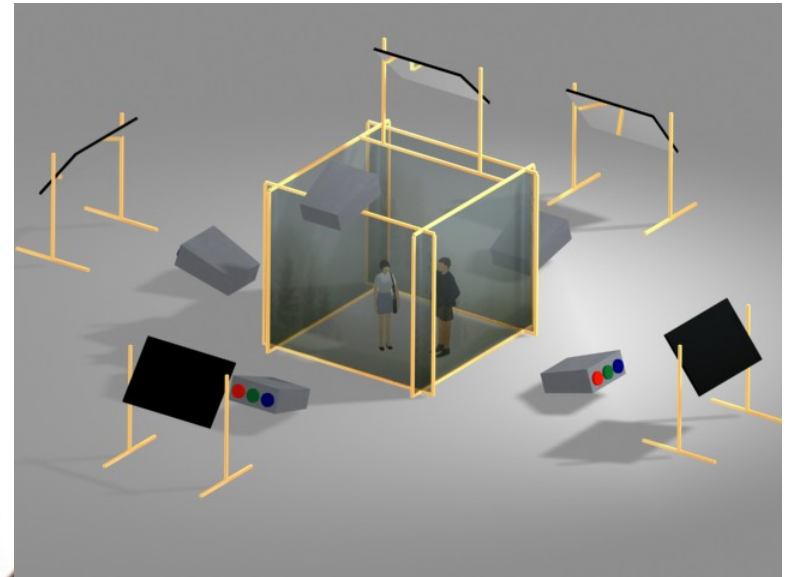
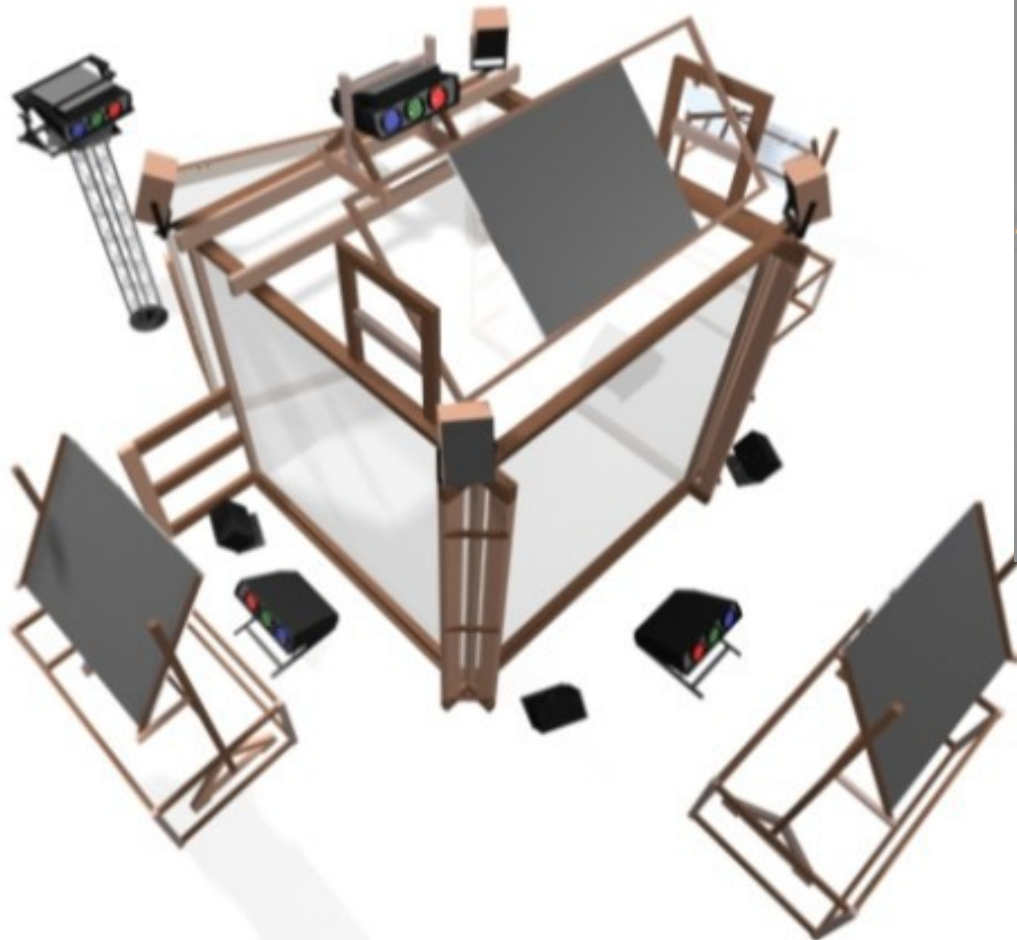
Reality Center



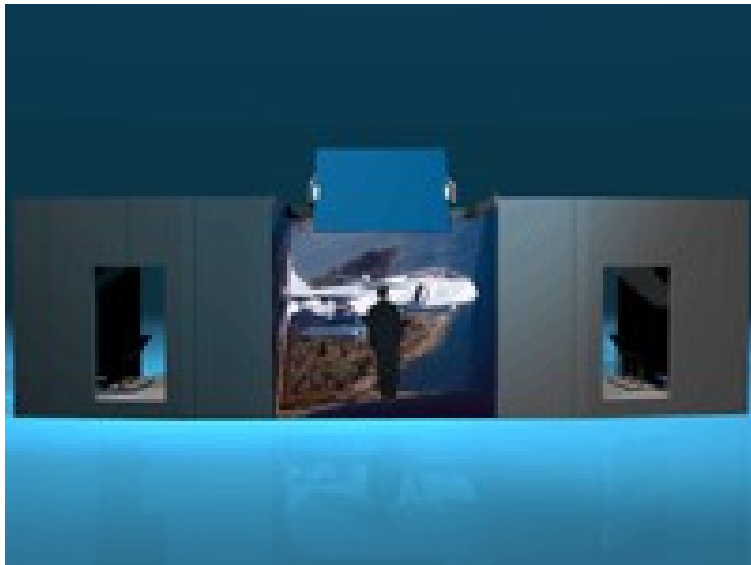
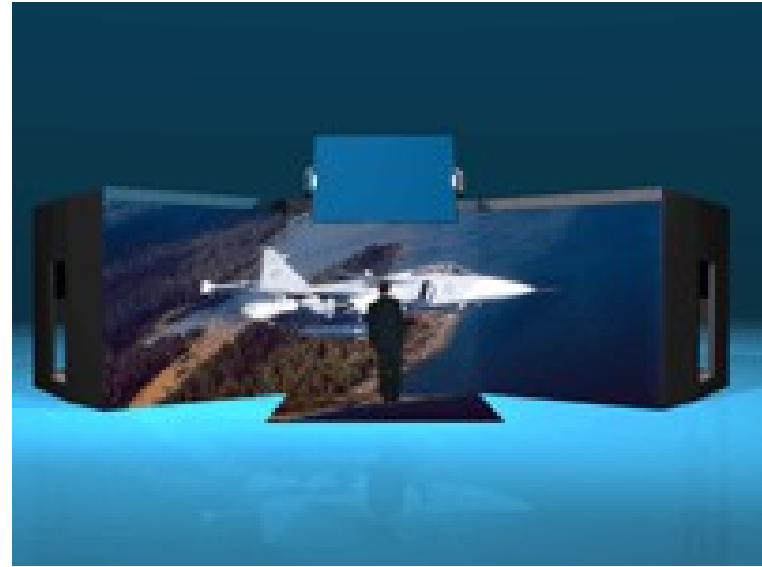


Video

CAVE oziroma CUBE



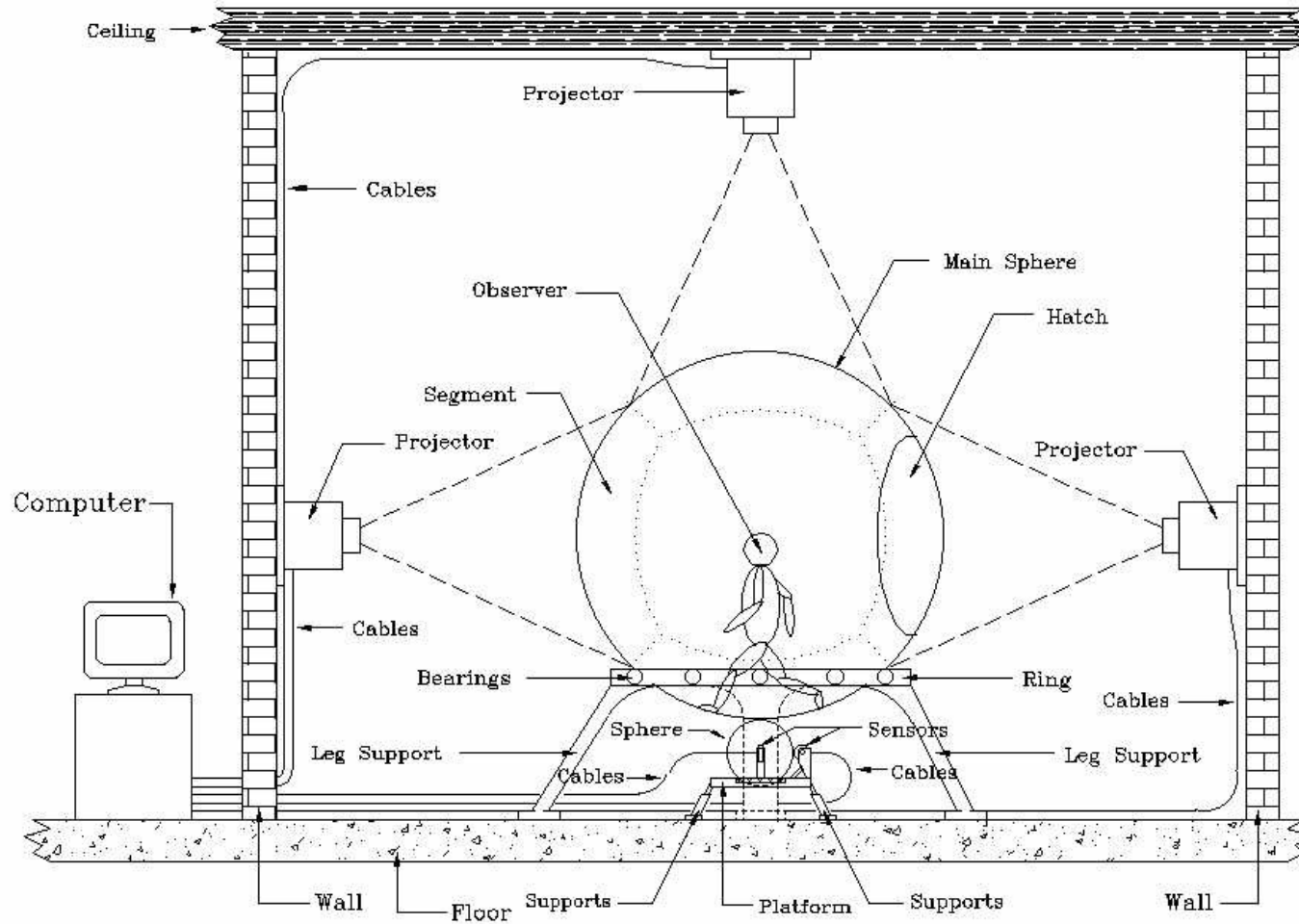
RAVE



RAVE



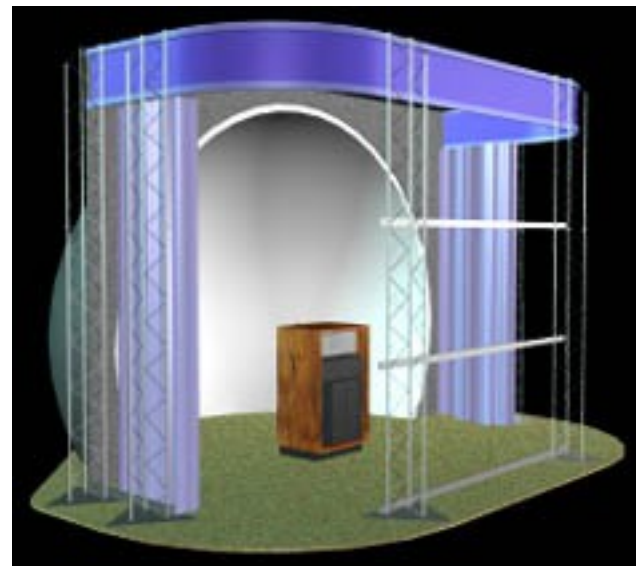
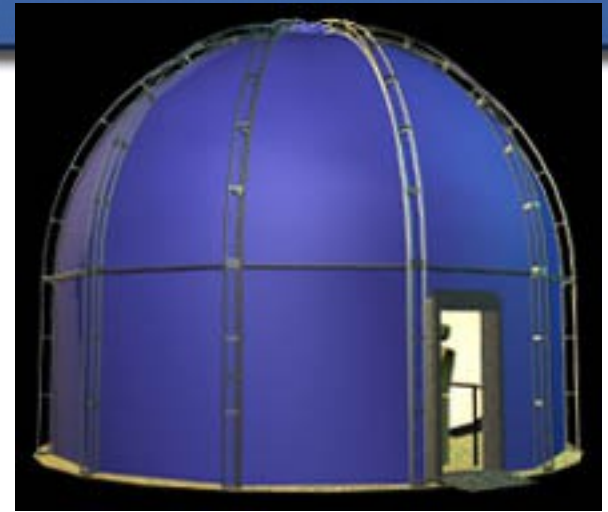
Sferična projekcija



VisionDome



Screens & Domes



Skalabilne in porazdeljene aplikacije

Individual (1-2)

- *Desktop*
- *Head Mounted Display (HMD)*

Small Group (3-8)

- *Workspace (e.g. ImmersaDesk)*

Moderate Sized Course (25-35)

- *Fakespace RAVE*
- *Reality Center*

Auditorium (200-500)

- *Stereoscopic Projection*

Uporabimo vsa čutila

sight:

- visual realism, 3D effects: shadows, etc.,

sound:

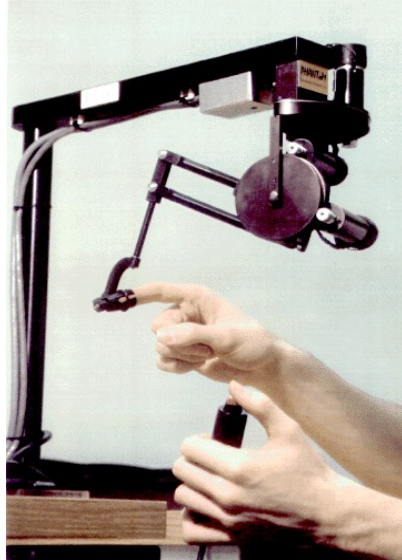
- surround sound, sub-seat woofers etc.

touch:

- haptic and force feedback,

and more ... wind, ... burning rubber!

PHANTOM (http://www.sensable.com)



ReachIn

(<http://www.reachin.se>)



Prikaz zvoka

Types

- **simple : beep sound**
- **iconic : simple wave sound**
- **natural sound : recorded and synthesized (sound rendering)**

Issues

- **localization and sonification**
 - 3D/stereo sound, HRTF (Head Related Transfer Functions)**
- **graphics and audio synchronization**
- **setup methods : headphone, speakers ...**

Tactile/Haptic Display

Main types

- ground referenced : Phantom
- body referenced : CyberGrasp
- tactile : CyberTouch

Issues

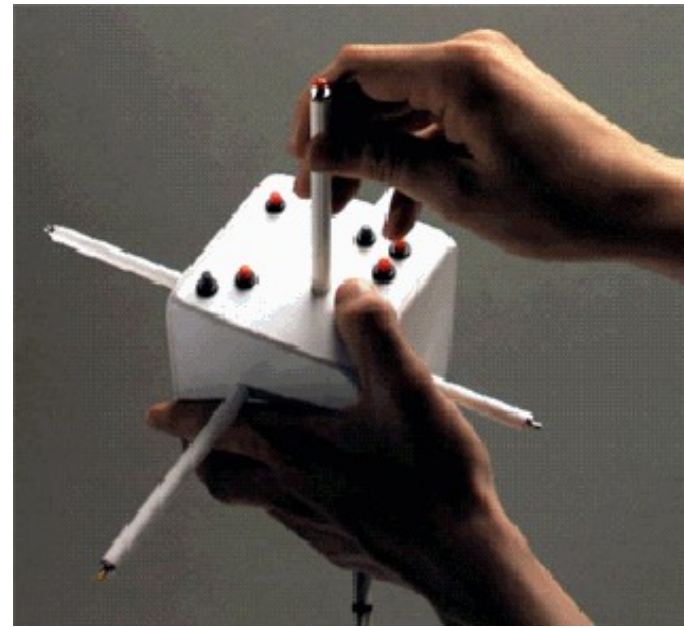
- producing the mechanical device

Interface design

- must be useful for manipulation
- make it non intimidating
- mimic real world interaction



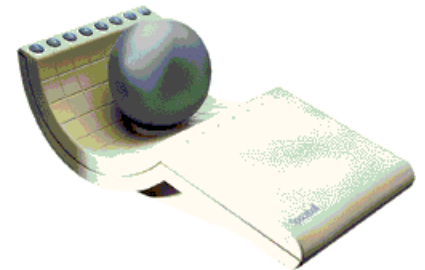
Vrste navigacijskih naprav



Vhodne naprave

DataGlove and Bodysuit

Mouse, Joystick, Keyboard, 3D Mouse



Movement Trackers (eg Polhemus)

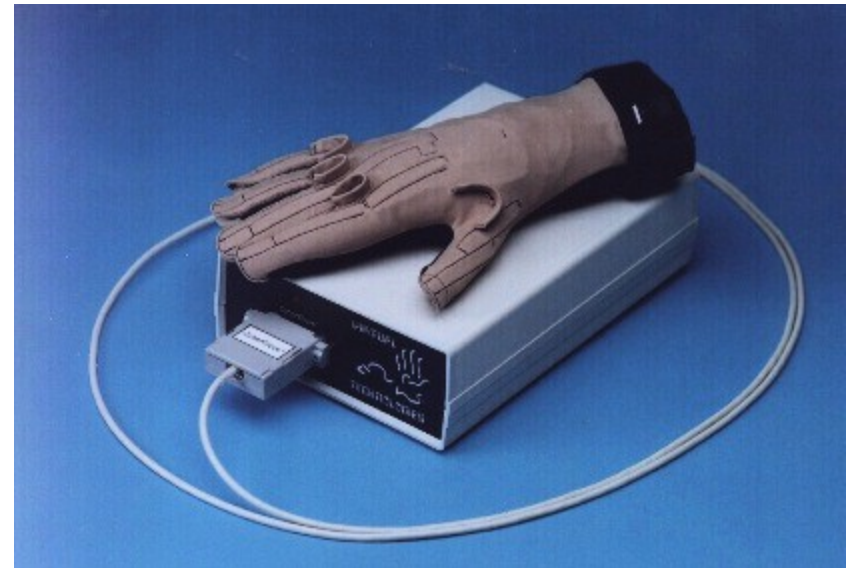
Gesture Recognition (with DataGlove)

Speech Recognition

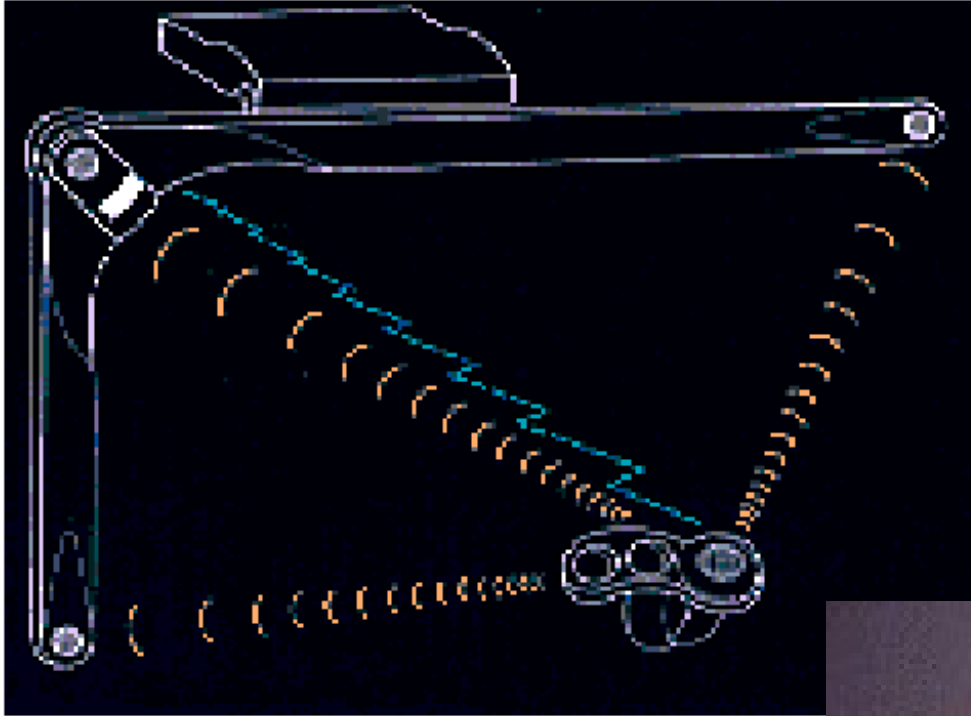
Rokavica



Cyberglove (<http://www.virtex.com>)



Ultrazvočni naprstnik (ringMouse)



Tracker Systems - Polhemus

(<http://www.polhemus.com/>)



Diskretne vhodne naprave

Main features

- **generate one event at a time based on the user**
- **examples**
keyboard, Pinch Glove

Interface design

- **useful for discrete command interface**



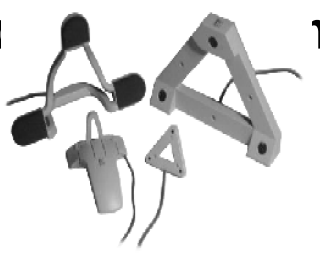
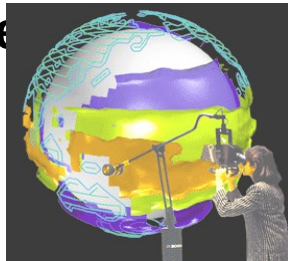
Zvezne vhodne naprave

Trackers

- **types** : magnetic, mechanical, acoustic, inertial, vision/camera, hybrids
- **interface design**

correspondence between physical and virtual worlds

Dataglove



Kombinacija naprav in govora

Combination/Hybrid devices

- mouse, joysticks, tablets, space mouse, ring mouse, fly mouse, BAT, Wand, Flex and Pinch ...
- interface design
 - consider DOF for users interaction



Speech input

- requires more stable recognition technology
 - word-level : user-independent
 - sentence-level : more training, noise
- interface design
 - very convenient input
 - ideal for “multimodal” interaction



Napotki za izbiro vhodnih-izhodnih naprav

Think about what interaction techniques are required

Think about inter-restriction of input devices and output devices

Practically money is a big factor

- **designing restricted interaction techniques with given devices Vs. buying more advanced devices**
 - **Or, make new devices for accomplishing interaction techniques?**
 - **Also can we assume that**
 - constraints of VR devices will practically disappeared in near future ?**
 - 3D devices will become basic like the mouse ?**
- (Space '2050)**

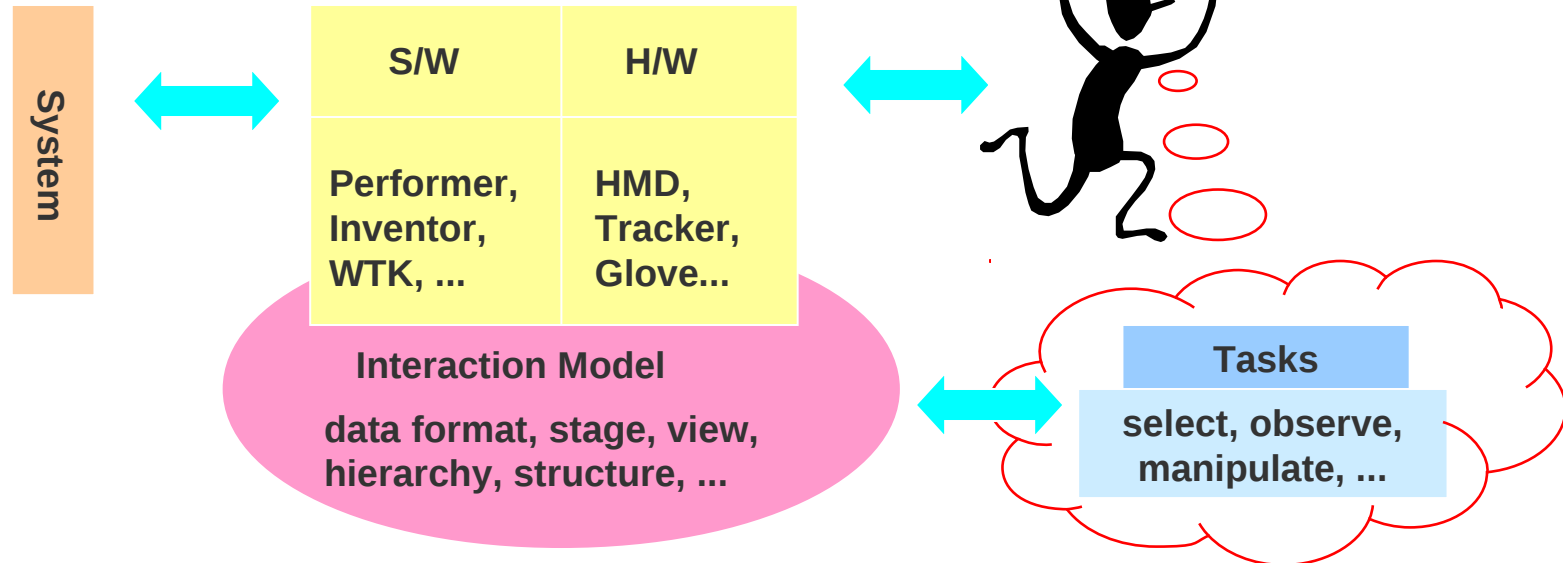
3D Multimodalna interakcija

Why 3D / Multimodal ?

- **Immersion (Presence), Naturalness(Cognitive Load), Speed/Efficiency**

Interface: specialized choice of hardware / software through which a user communicates with a computer system

Interaction: a model by which a user accomplishes some tasks via the interface



Sodeluje naj celo telo

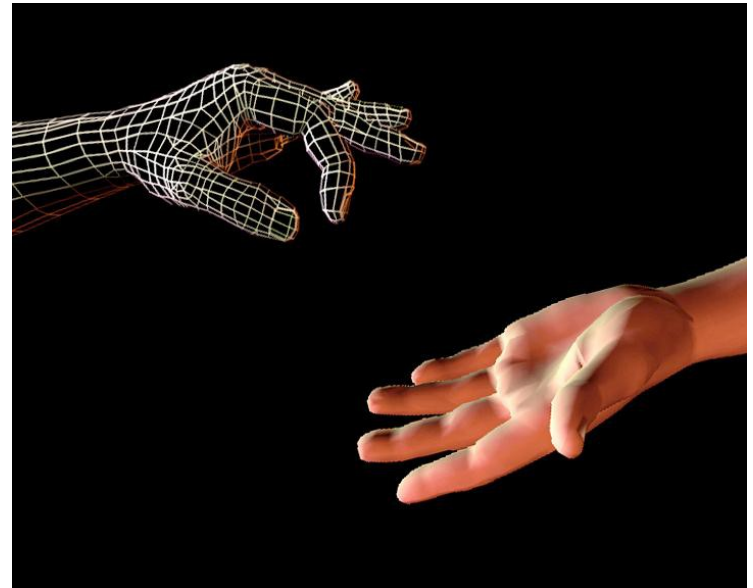
realistic devices

movement in the environment

interaction and control of objects,

rapid feedback ...

more important than photo-realism



Cilji in problemi pri načrtovanju vmesnikov

Performance

- **efficiency, accuracy and productivity**
- **quantitative measures**

Usability

- **easy to use and learn**
- **qualitative experience**

Applicability

Problems:

- **not enough Guidelines**
- **multimodal**
- **changing technologies**

Naloge interakcije

Navigation: travel, walk, way-finding

Selection: choosing one or more objects

Manipulation: specification of object position, orientation, scale, shape, others

(Selection \subset Manipulation ?, Menu Selection ?)

Others : almost atomic (chunked) tasks

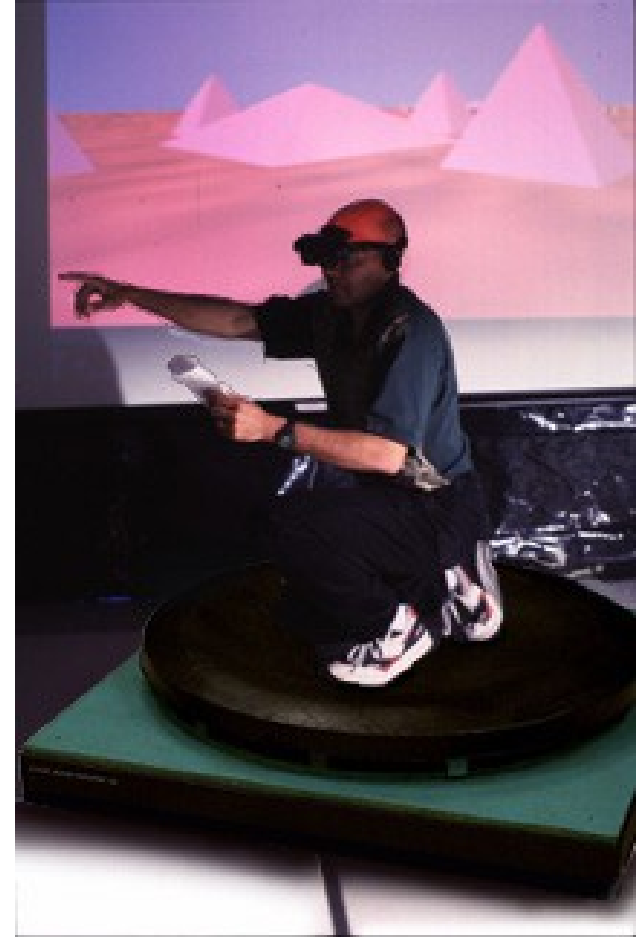
- Visual information browsing
- Measurement
- Data input
- Following / Flow control

Kaj je potovanje?

the motor component of navigation

movement between 2 locations, setting the position (and orientation) of the user's viewpoint

the most basic and common VE interaction technique, used in almost any large-scale VE



Naloge potovanja

Exploration

- travel which has no specific target
- build knowledge of environment

Search

- naive: travel to find a target whose position is not known
- primed: travel to a target whose position is known
- build layout knowledge
- move to task location

Maneuvering

- travel to position viewpoint for task
- short, precise movements

Metafore potovanja (navigacije)

steering: continuous specification of direction of motion

- gaze-directed
- pointing
- physical device (steering wheel, flight stick)

target-based: discrete specification of goal

- point at object
- choose from list
- enter coordinates

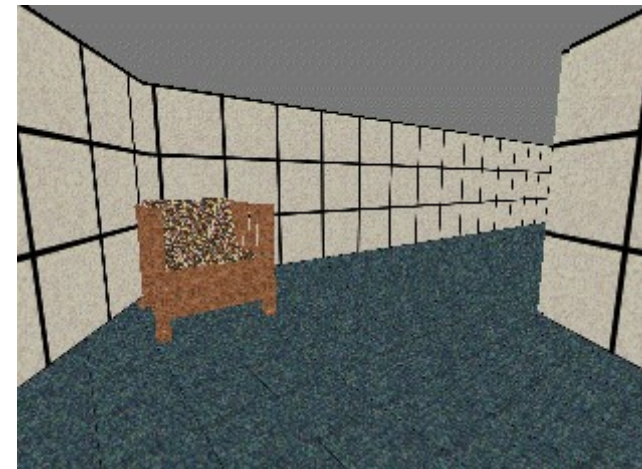
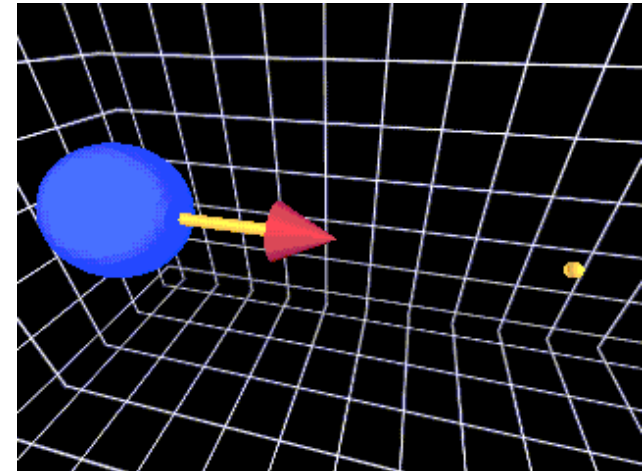
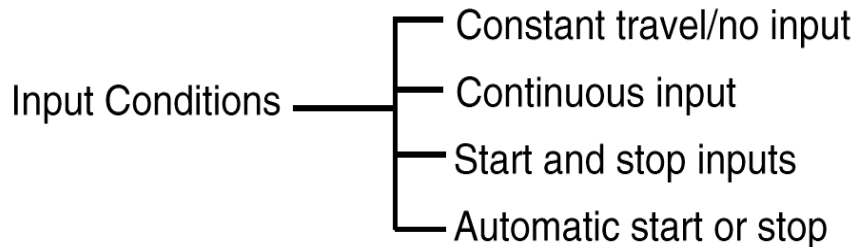
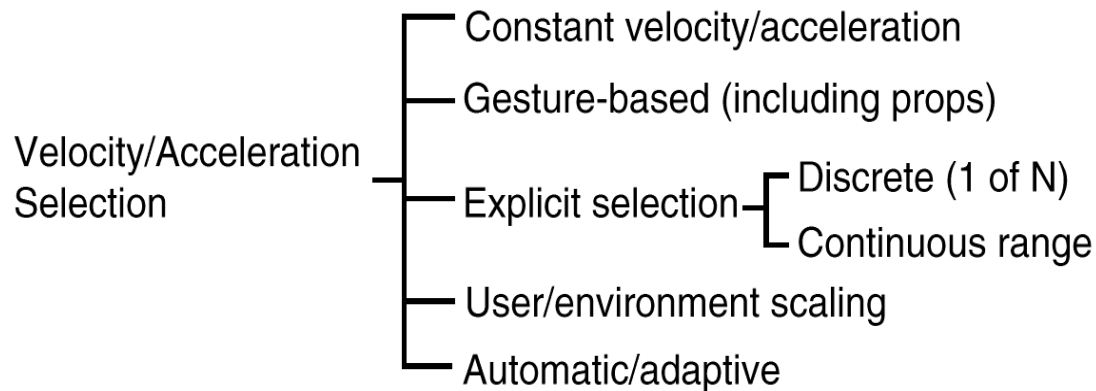
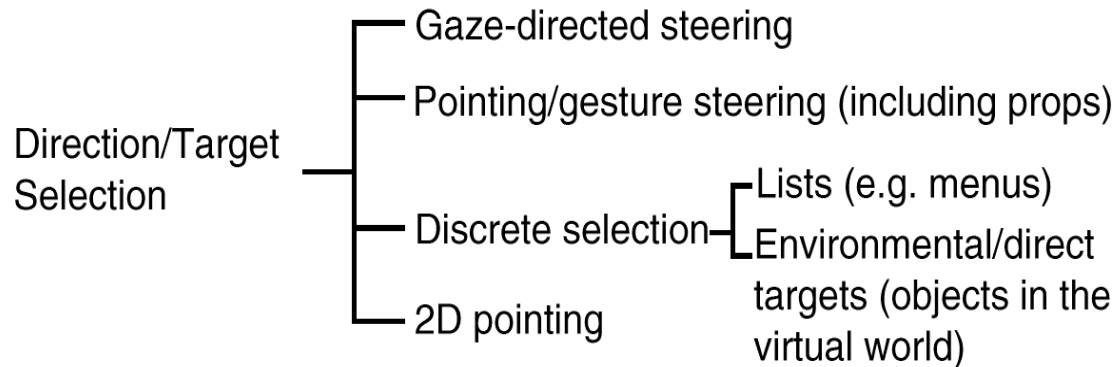
route planning: one-time specification of path

- place markers in world
- move icon on map

manual manipulation of viewpoint

- “camera in hand”
- fixed object manipulation

Klasifikacija potovanja (navigacija)



Tehnike navigacije (2)

Steering : direction and velocity

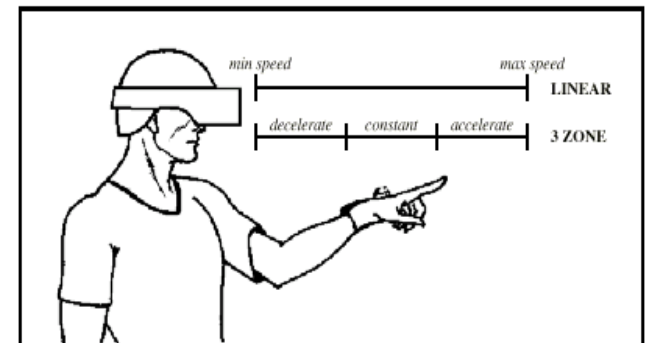
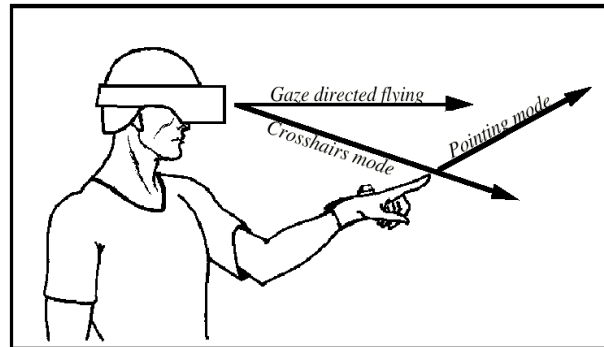
- hand-directed
- gaze-directed (*boljščanje*)
- physical devices (steering wheel, flight sticks)

Target-based

- point at object, list of coordinates

Route planning

- place markers in world



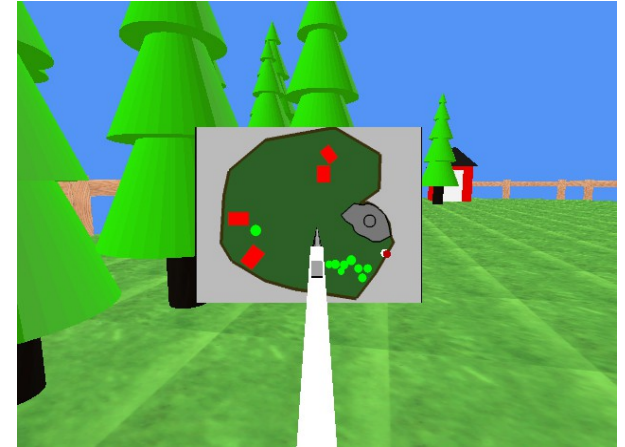
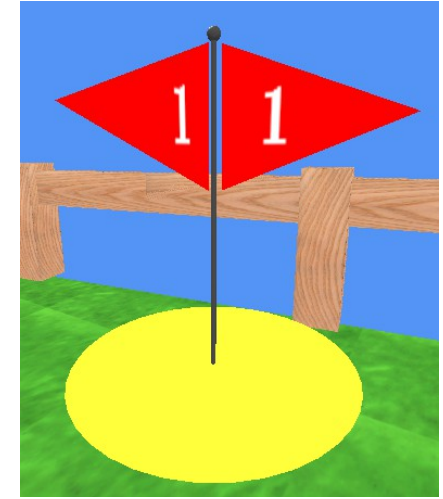
Primernost tehnik

Object manipulation-based techniques very efficient for relative motion

Manipulation-based techniques not requiring an object efficient for search, but tiring

Steering techniques best for naïve and primed search (both egocentric tasks?)

Map-based techniques not effective in unfamiliar environments, or when any precision is required



There is one optimal travel technique for VEs.

A “natural” technique will always exhibit more performance, usability, and usefulness than another technique.

Desktop 3D, workbench, and CAVE applications should use the same travel ITs as HMD-based VEs.

Napotki za načrtovanje navigacije

Make simple travel tasks simple (target-based techniques for motion to an object, steering techniques for search).

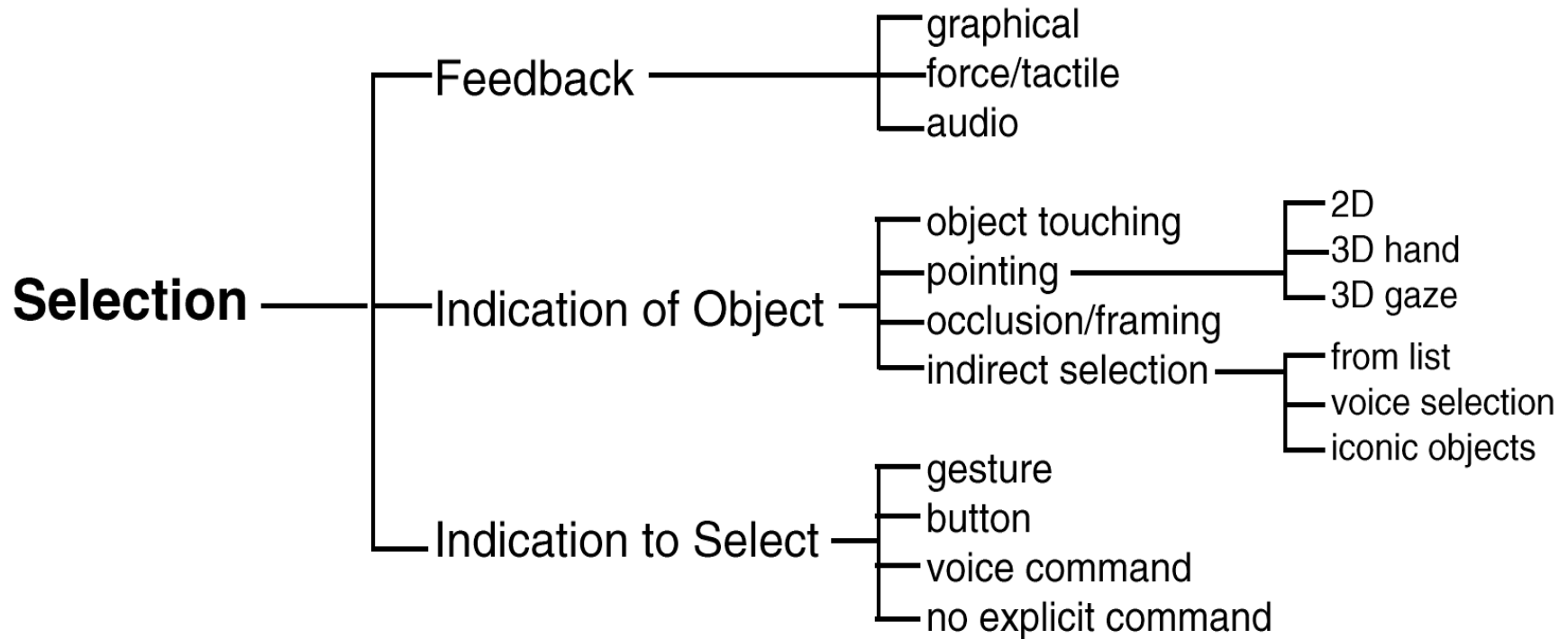
Provide multiple travel techniques to support different travel tasks in the same application.

Use graceful transitional motions if overall environment context is important.

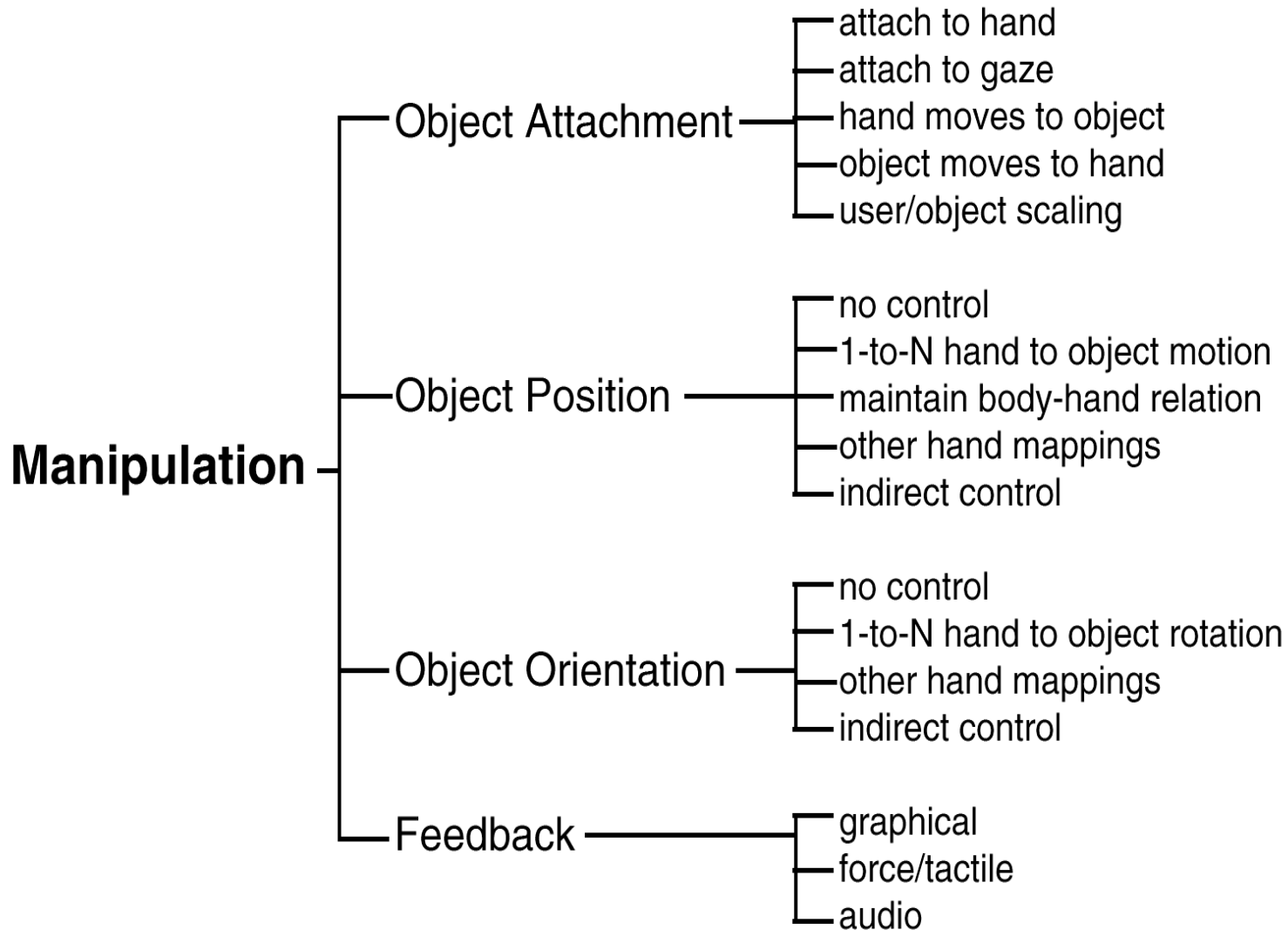
Train users in sophisticated strategies to help them acquire survey knowledge.

Consider integrated (“cross-task”) ITs if travel is used in the context of another task (e.g. manipulation).

Klasifikacija izbiranja



Klasifikacija rokovanja (1)



Klasifikacija rokovanja (2)

VE MANIPULATION TECHNIQUES

Exocentric metaphors

World-In-Miniature [24]
Automatic scaling [18]

Egocentric metaphors

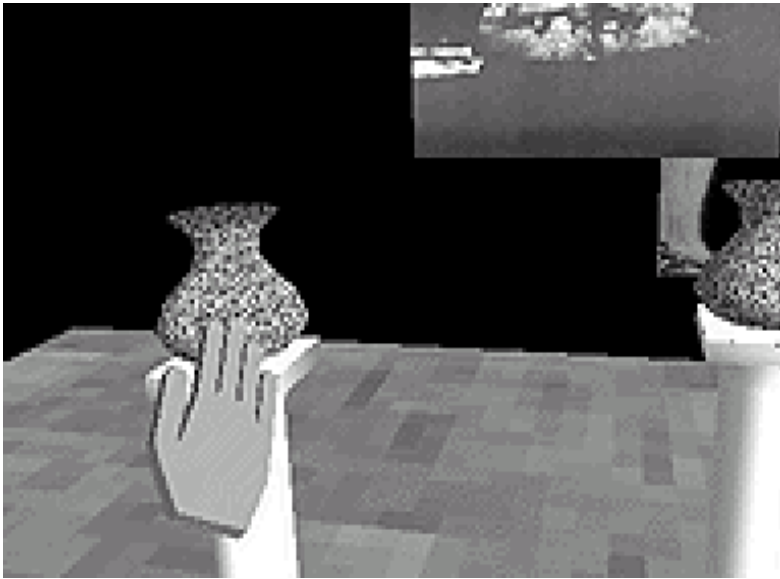
Virtual Hand metaphors

"Classical" virtual hand
Go-Go [23]
Indirect Go-Go [10]

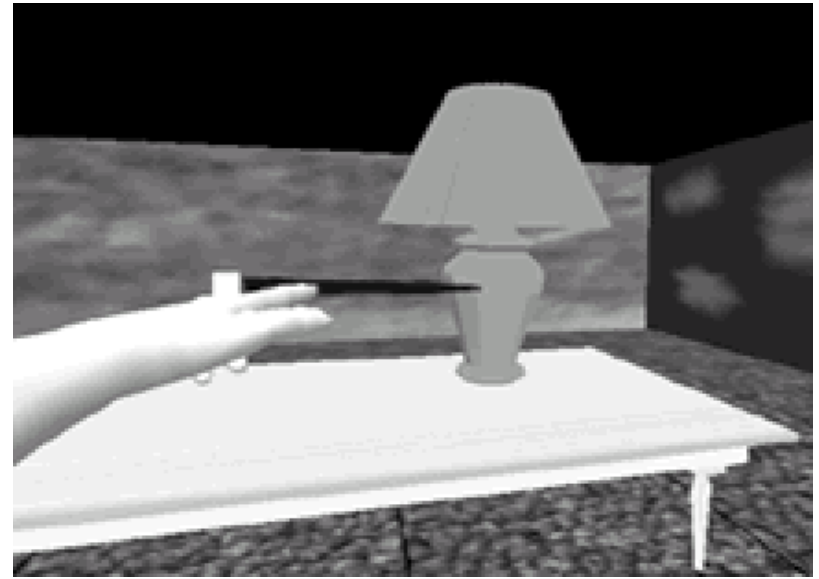
Virtual Pointer metaphors

Ray-casting [20, 28]
Aperture [22]
Flashlight [21]
Image plane [25]

Tehnike izbiranja/rokovanja (1)



“Simple” Virtual Hand



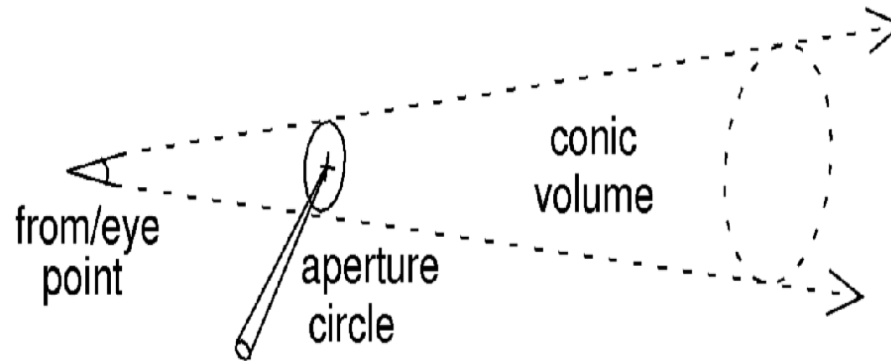
Ray-casting (Bolt, 1980)

Demo

Tehnike izbiranja/rokovanja (2)



Spotlight (Liang, 1994)

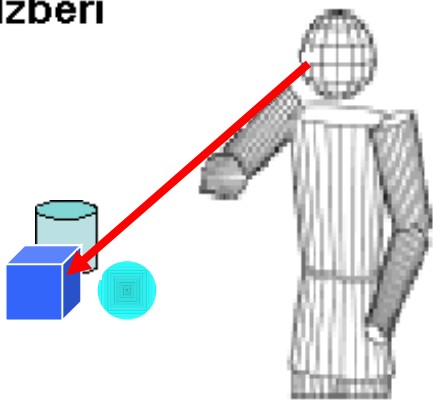


Aperture (Forsberg, 1996)

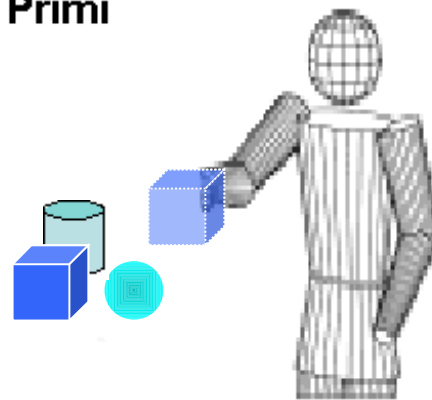
Tehnike izbiranja/rokovanja (3)



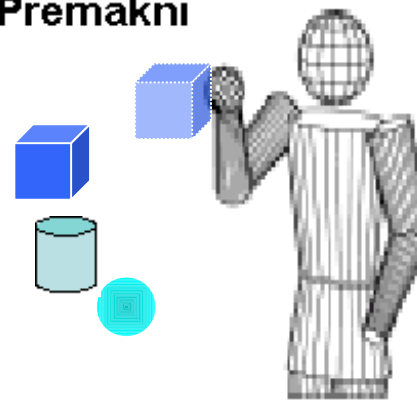
Izberi



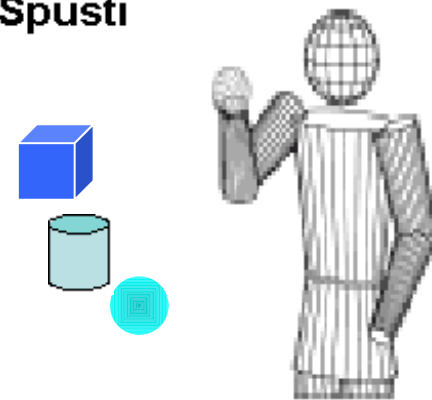
Primi



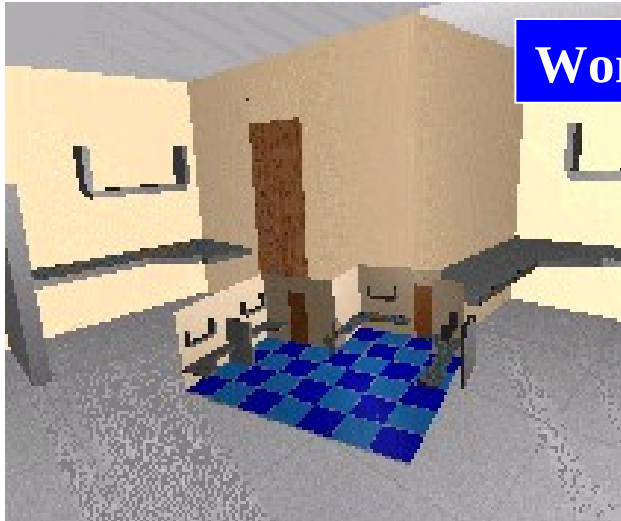
Premakni



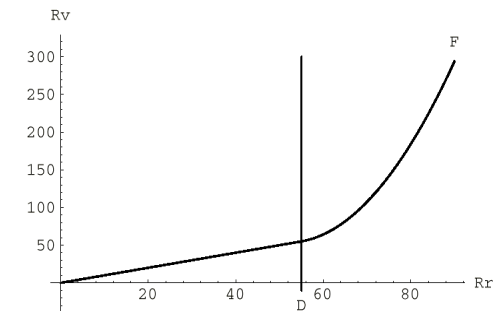
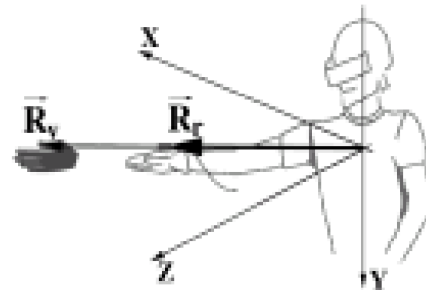
Spusti



Tehnike izbiranja/rokovanja (4)



World-in-Miniature (Stoakley, 1995)



Go-Go (Poupyrev, 1996)

Druge tehnike interakcije

Multimodal

Training: Ghost Metaphor

Music / Control:

e.g. Conducting, Dance, Instrument-based

Menu Selection

Composite Tasks

Display as Feedback Information

Passive and Active Haptics / Reduced Haptics

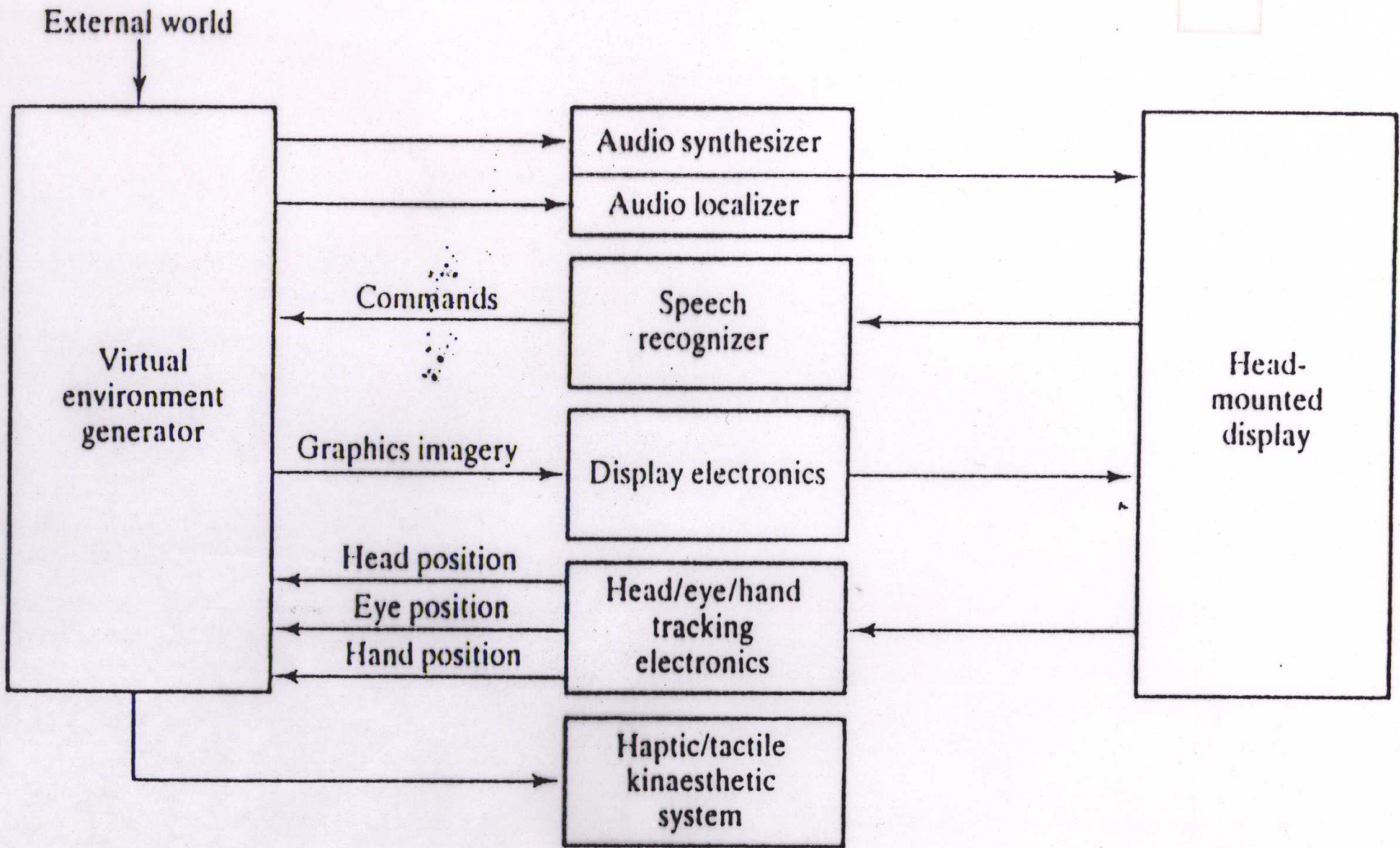


Figure 1.6 Immersive virtual man-machine interface.

Building a VE starts with Modeling

VR Software:

“Make specs, then design and code ...”

- **Concurrent Consideration of Form / Function / Behavior**
 - Form: Outer Appearance (Geometric Models) and their configuration**
 - Function: Primitive things that objects do**
 - Behavior: How primitive functions interact to achieve higher level tasks**
- **Real Time Properties**
- **Incremental and Hierarchical Development**
- **Generation of LOD's**
- **Reuse of VR Components**

Internet in sodelavna navidezna okolja

Collaborative Virtual Environments (CVE)

Shared Worlds

(<http://www.activeworlds.com>)

Sense8 WorldUp

Adobe Atmosphere

Quest3D

Cult3D

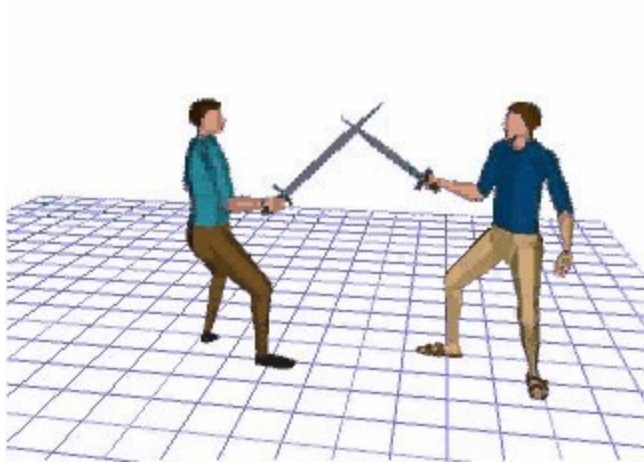


Umetni ljudje

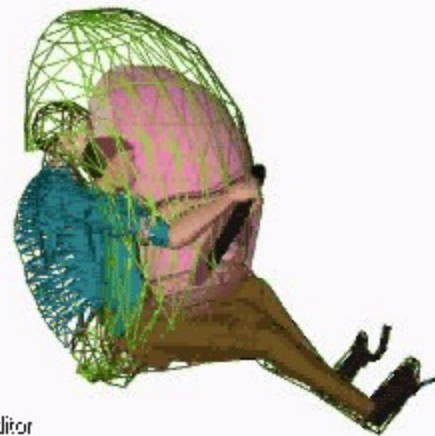
People can be represented in VEs by Virtual Humans, Mannikins, Avatars, etc.

These are sometimes even computer controlled (bots)– in CVEs, the person you are talking to may not even exist...

Ergonomic Testing – reach envelopes, view, dynamics, loading, etc.



Created with
Personal AVI Editor
Shareware version





Virtual Reality puts real-time demands first
Deficiencies in rendering quality





Virtual Reality uses simple Reflectance Properties
like

Phong Model

Textures

Simple BumpMapping

Simple Global Illumination

Radiosity Solution

Increase Realism in Virtual Reality

- Accurate Materials
- Accurate Texturing
- Texture Mapping
- Texture Synthesis
- Accurate Global Light Simulation and Visualization
- Real-Time, High Quality Visualization

aplikacije

simulate dangerous/expensive situations

command and control, virtual tourism
practising medical procedures, treatment of phobia

see hidden real world features

virtual wind tunnel

visualise complex information

fun :-)

Navidezna resničnost v medicini



Sintetična naravna okolja

Disaster site (school bus accident, plane crash)

- *Acute care professionals*
- *Psychiatric-mental health professionals*
- *Public safety officers (EMS, fire, police, security)*

Environmental assessment (home, community)

- *Community health students*
- *World Health Organization home care students*
- *City of Cleveland Health Department*

MDMA use by college student

- *Psychiatric-mental health professionals*
- *Public safety officers (EMS, police, security)*

Aplikacije

M1A & Bradley Maintenance -
USAR

Operation Sea Dragon - NRI &
USMC

Battle of 73 Easting - DARPA

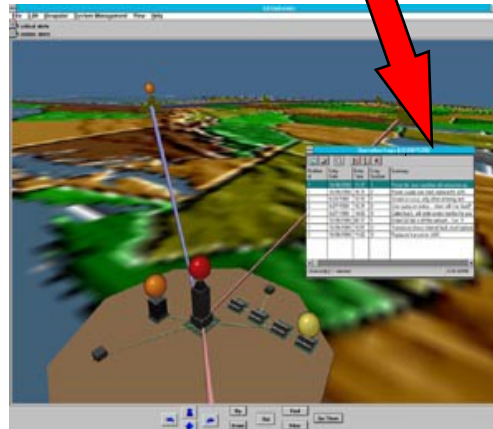
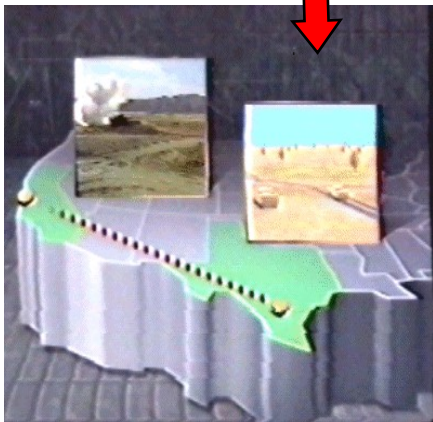
Embassy Defense - USMC

Bosnian Territorial Demarcation

START III Stockpile -DSWA

Network Management - USAF

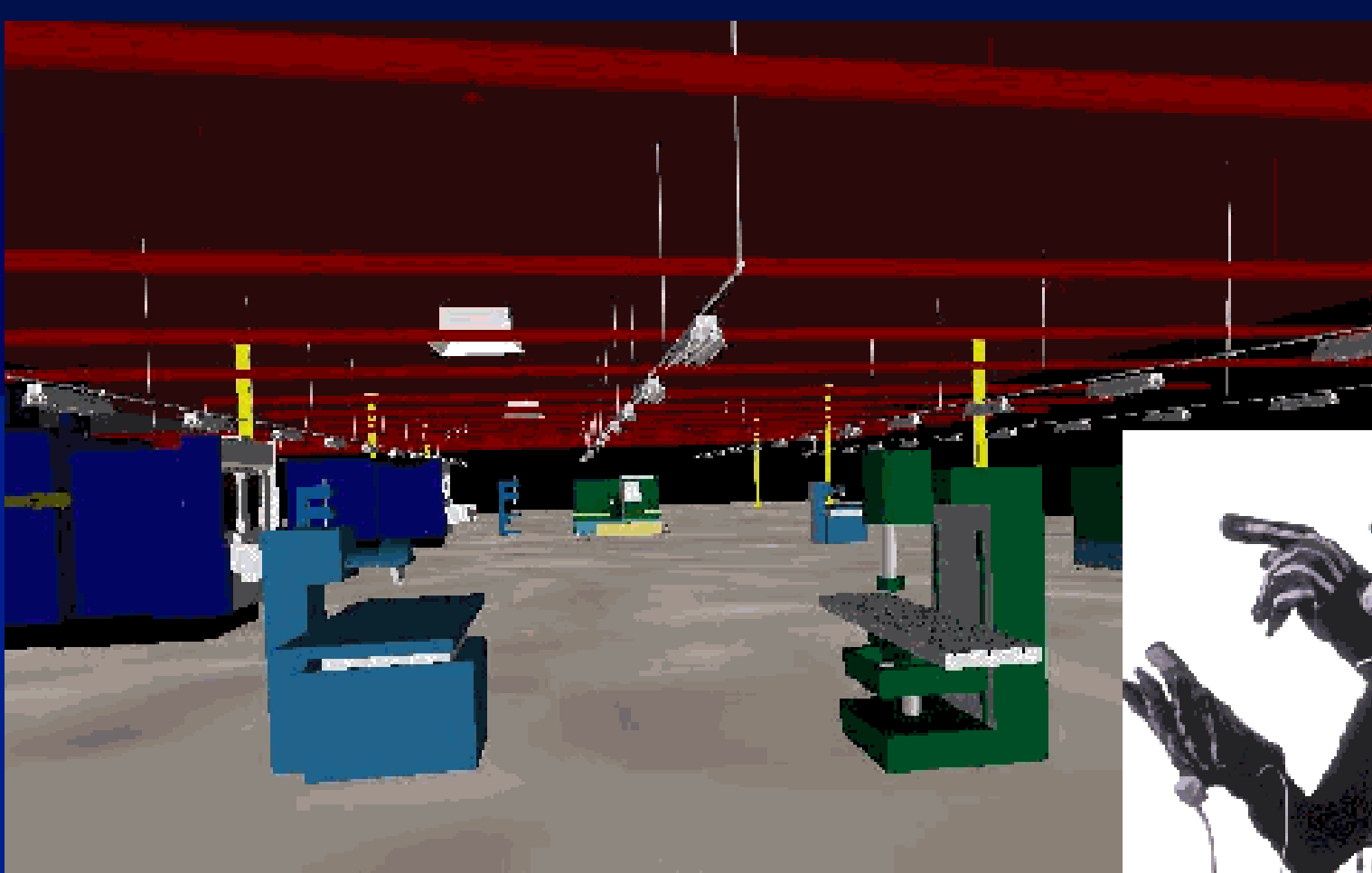
Distributed Interactive Simulation



Spletne aplikacije <http://www.superscape.com>



Načrtovanje proizvodnih obratov



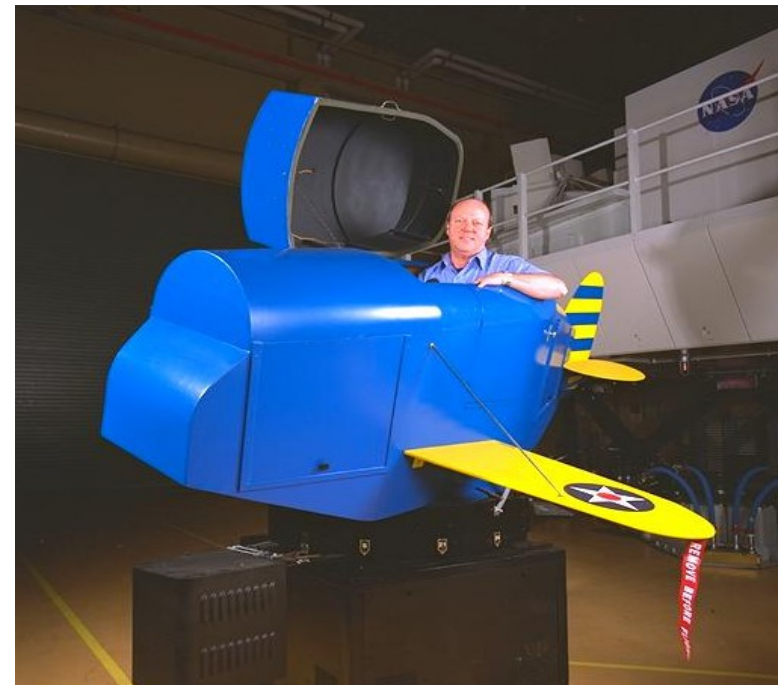
Načrtovanje, arhitektura



Navidezna resničnost in zabava



Compliments of The Unofficial Disney Information Station
<http://www.disneyinfo.com>



Aplikacije



Installing a PC graphics card

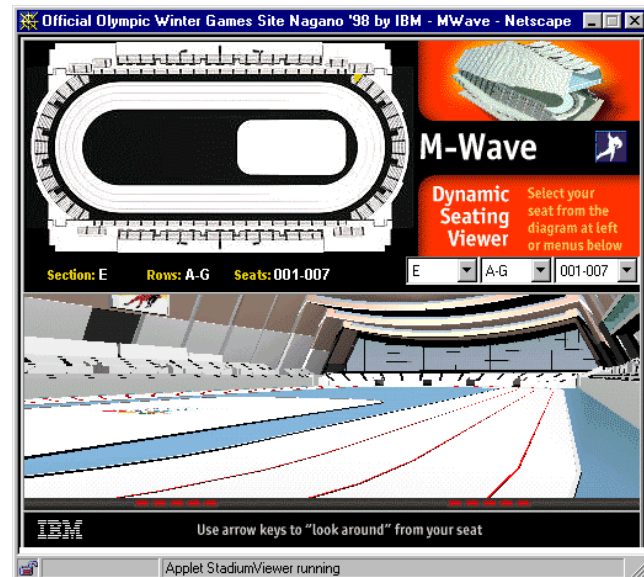
By

Max Thornton, Alex Tearse and A. S. McNair



- 1-Remove ca
- 2-Remove fix
- 3-Remove screw
- 4-Insert blanking plate
- 5-Connect graphics card
- 6-Insert fixing screw
- 7-Close case
- 8-Load graphics software

Complete installation



Avatarji

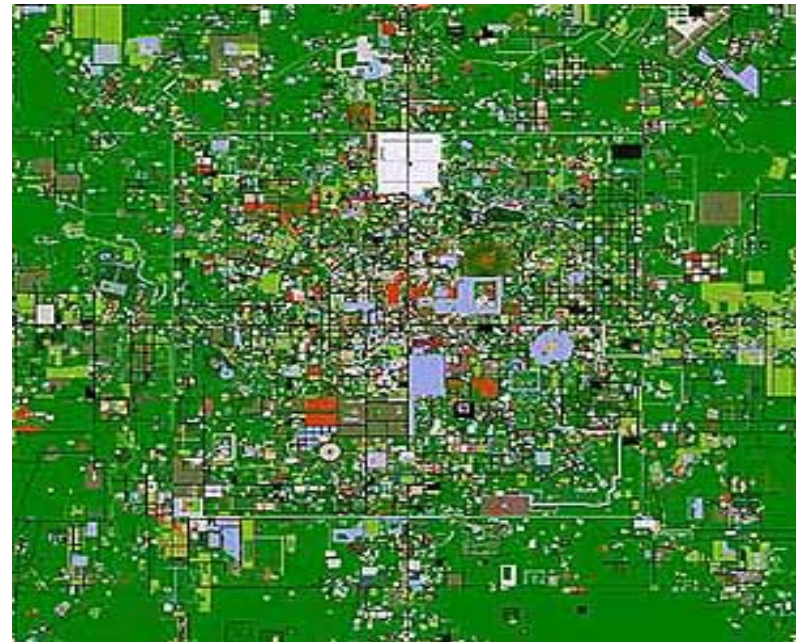
Onlive Traveler

- <http://ok.actlab.utexas.edu/utopia/entrance.olv>



Activeworlds Universe

- www.activeworlds.com
- 100,000 + citizens
- Hundreds of Portals
- Real Estate Claims
- \$20 annual fee



Avatarji

In online chat, your handle used to be the thing that distinguished you from everyone else. But as 3D chat worlds proliferate, the avatars are taking over.

An avatar is a graphical representation that you select to stand in for you; it can look like a person, an object, or an animal.

Since an avatar may look nothing like you (unless you happen to resemble a blue fish), you should choose one that fairly represents the way you'd like to be seen by the people you're chatting with.

Problemi z navidezno resničnostjo

Hardware Limitations (field of view, tactile simulation, lag time, graphic resolution)

Simulator Sickness

Visual disturbances after using HMD.

Physical loading on the neck-muscles by heavy HMD.

No real information on long-term effects of VR usage.

Za konec

Navidezna resničnost je kvečjemu
karikatura resničnosti

