

# KOLOKVIJ - NAČRTOVANJE TKANIN

## ① PODATKI:

$$N = 2000 \text{ niti}$$

$$l = 3000 \text{ m (dolžina tkanine)}$$

$$T_t = 25 \text{ tex}$$

$$V_s = 8 \text{ niti}$$

$$K_{c1} = 400 \text{ navitkov}$$

$$\text{CEVĚNICA} = ?$$

$$K_{c2} = 500 \text{ navitkov}$$

PASOVNO SNOVANJE

$$a) x = \frac{K_{c1}}{V_s} = \frac{400 \text{ navitkov}}{8 \text{ niti}} = \underline{\underline{50}}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{K_{c2}}{V_s} = \frac{500 \text{ navitkov}}{8 \text{ niti}} = \underline{\underline{62,5}}$$

barvno sosledje (50x po 8 niti se ponavljajo)  
barvni vzorec

$$b) Y_1 = x_1 \cdot V_s = 50 \times 8 = \underline{\underline{400}} \text{ navitkov}$$

$$Y_2 = x_2 \cdot V_s = 62,5 \times 8 = \underline{\underline{496}} \text{ navitkov}$$

$$c) z_1 = \frac{M}{Y_1} = \frac{2000 \text{ niti}}{400} = \underline{\underline{5}} \text{ pasov}$$

$$z_2 = \frac{M}{Y_2} = \frac{2000 \text{ niti}}{496} = 4,03 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{4}} \text{ pasovi}$$

$$d) O_1 = M - z_1 \cdot Y_1 = 2000 \text{ niti} - 5 \cdot 400 = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

$$O_2 = M - z_2 \cdot Y_2 = 2000 \text{ niti} - 4 \cdot 496 = \underline{\underline{16}} \text{ niti (v petem pasu)}$$

$$e) \eta_1 = \frac{z_1 \cdot Y_1 + 0}{K_{c1} \cdot (z_1 + 1)} \cdot 100 = \frac{5 \cdot 400 + 0}{400 \cdot (5)} \cdot 100 = \underline{\underline{100\%}}$$

$$\eta_2 = \frac{z_2 \cdot Y_2 + 0}{K_{c2} \cdot (z_2 + 1)} \cdot 100 = \frac{4 \cdot 496 + 16}{500 \cdot (4 + 1)} \cdot 100 = \underline{\underline{80\%}}$$

ODG: Izberemo cevčnico s kapaciteto 400 navitkov, ker ni ostankov.

②  $m = 2 \text{ kg}$  (masa navitka)

$l$  = dolžina niti na navitku

$$T_t = \frac{m \cdot 10^3}{l} \Rightarrow l = \frac{m \cdot 10^3}{T_t} = \frac{2000 \text{ g} \cdot 10^3}{25 \text{ tex}} = \underline{\underline{80000 \text{ m}}}$$

(na vsakem navitku)

Porabljene preje = 5 pasov  $\times$  3000 m = 15000 m preje

$$l_0 = l - l_{\text{por}} = 80000 \text{ m} - 15000 \text{ m} = \underline{\underline{65000 \text{ m}}}$$

③ PODATKI:

SKICA:

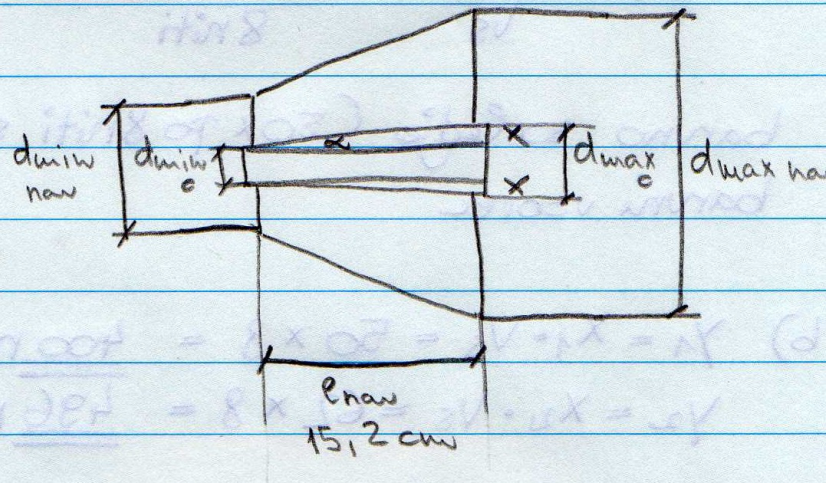
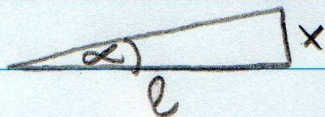
Kbar. apar. = 100 kg

št. nav = 50

$d_{\text{min}c} = 3,15 \text{ cm}$  ( $\leftrightarrow$ )

$d_{\text{max}n} = 30 \text{ cm}$

$\rho_{\text{nav}} = ? \text{ [g/cm}^3\text{]}$



$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$d_{\text{max}} = d_{\text{min}c} + 2x = d_{\text{min}} + 2 \cdot l \cdot \tan \alpha = 3,15 \text{ cm} + 2 \cdot 15,2 \text{ cm} \cdot \tan 4,2 = \underline{\underline{5,38 \text{ cm}}}$$

$$d_{\text{src}} = \frac{d_{\text{max}} + d_{\text{min}c}}{2} = \frac{5,38 \text{ cm} + 3,15 \text{ cm}}{2} = \underline{\underline{4,27 \text{ cm}}}$$

$$d_{\text{min}n} = d_{\text{max}c} - 2x = 30 \text{ cm} - 2 \cdot \tan 4,2 \cdot 15,2 \text{ cm} = \underline{\underline{27,77 \text{ cm}}}$$

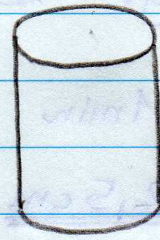
$$d_{\text{sr nav}} = \frac{d_{\text{max}} + d_{\text{min}n}}{2} = \frac{27,77 + 30}{2} = \underline{\underline{28,88 \text{ cm}}}$$

$$V_p = V_{\text{nav}} - V_c = \underline{\underline{9739,32 \text{ cm}^3}}$$

$$V_{hav} = \pi \cdot \ell \cdot r^2 = \pi \cdot 15,2 \text{ cm} \cdot \left(\frac{28,88}{2}\right)^2 = \underline{\underline{9956,98 \text{ cm}^3}}$$

$$V_c = \pi \cdot 15,2 \text{ cm} \cdot \left(\frac{4,27}{2}\right)^2 = \underline{\underline{217,66 \text{ cm}^3}}$$

$$\rho = \frac{2000 \text{ g}}{9739,32 \text{ cm}^3} = \underline{\underline{0,21 \text{ g/cm}^3}}$$



$$V = o \cdot V = \pi r^2 \cdot \ell$$

④ PODATKI:

$$m = 0,3 \text{ kg}$$

$$n = 250 \text{ obr/min}$$

$$\checkmark_{stk} = 180 \text{ cm}$$

$$g_o = g_v = 20 \text{ voltkov/cm}$$

$$\epsilon_o = \epsilon_v = 5\%$$

$$T_{to} = T_{tv}$$

$$T_{tv} = ?$$

$$m_v = ?$$

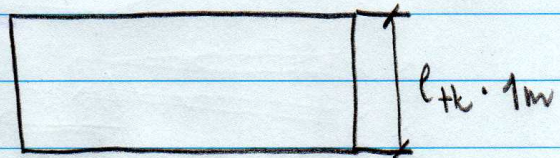
$$V_{vnaš.} = ?$$

$$1) m_v = \ell_{tk} \cdot \checkmark_{stk} \cdot g_v \cdot \frac{100 + \epsilon_v}{100} \cdot T_{tv} \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$m_{tk} = m_o + m_v$$

$$m_{tk} = 2 \cdot m_v$$

tekoči  $m = 1 \text{ m}$ , ki se odvijeta z blagovnega valja



$$\checkmark_{stk} = 1,8 \text{ m}$$

$$m_v = \overbrace{\ell_{tk}}^{[cm]} \cdot \overbrace{\checkmark_{stk}}^{[cm]} \cdot g_v \cdot \frac{100 + \epsilon_v}{100} \cdot T_{tv} \cdot 10^{-3} =$$

$$= 100 \text{ cm} \cdot 1,8 \text{ m} \cdot 20 \text{ v/cm} \cdot \frac{100 + 5}{100} \cdot T_{tv} \cdot 10^{-3} =$$

$$= 3,78 \cdot T_{tv} = 3,78 \cdot 40 \text{ tex} = \underline{\underline{151,2 \text{ g}}}$$

$$m_o = \overbrace{g_o \cdot \ell_{tk}}^{[cm]} \cdot \checkmark_{stk} \cdot \frac{100 + \epsilon_o}{100} \cdot T_{to} \cdot 10^{-3} =$$

$$= 1 \text{ m} \cdot 180 \text{ cm} \cdot 20 \text{ v/cm} \cdot \frac{100 + 5}{100} \cdot T_{to} \cdot 10^{-3} = \underline{\underline{3,78 \cdot T_{to}}}$$

$$m_{tk} = m_o + m_v = 2 \cdot (3,78 \cdot T_{tex})$$

$$T_{tex} = \frac{m_{tk}}{7,56} = \frac{300 \text{ g}}{7,56} = 39,86 \approx \underline{\underline{40 \text{ tex}}}$$

$$t = 60s \quad gv = 20v/cm \quad v = \frac{l}{t}$$

250 v ... 1min

$$\frac{250}{20} = \underline{\underline{12,5 cm/min}}$$

⑤ PODATKI:

$$M_{pr} = 300 \text{ kg/h}$$

5% izg.

$$V_{pr} = 850 \text{ m/min}$$

$$\eta = 75\%$$

$$T_{tex} = 25 \text{ tex}$$

10% rezerve

$$i = ?$$

$$P_p = T_{tex} \cdot \eta \cdot v \cdot t \cdot i \cdot 10^{-6}$$

št. previjalnih mest

$$i = \frac{P_p \cdot 10^6}{T_{tex} \cdot \eta \cdot v \cdot t} =$$

$$= \frac{315 \text{ kg} \cdot 10^6}{25 \text{ tex} \cdot 0,75 \cdot 850 \text{ m/min} \cdot 60} =$$

$$= 329,41 \approx \underline{\underline{330}} \text{ prev. mest}$$

$$330 \cdot 1,1 = \underline{\underline{363}} \text{ prev. mest}$$

$$300 \text{ kg} \cdot 1,05 = 315 \text{ kg} = P_p$$