

MIPANJE:

SR. 29/NAL. 1.

$$\varphi_0 = 3,5^\circ$$

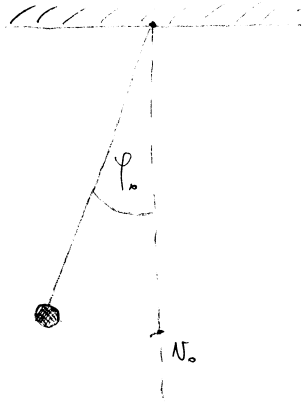
$$l = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 15 \text{ s}$$

$$N(15 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$v_0 = ?$$

$$v_0(\varphi=0) = ?$$



kotna frekvencija

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$$

časovna perioda

$$T_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$

$$T_0 = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{3 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^2}{10 \text{ m}}} = 3,4 \text{ s}$$

$$N(15 \text{ s}) = \frac{15 \text{ s}}{3,4 \text{ s}} = 4,4$$

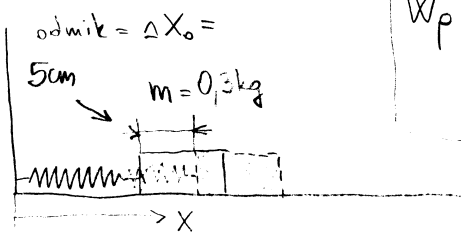
$$\boxed{\omega^2 = \omega_0 \cdot \varphi^2} \rightarrow \omega^2 = \omega_0(\varphi_0 - \varphi) \quad \omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{10 \text{ m}}{\text{s}^2 \cdot 3 \text{ m}}} = 1,82 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$v_0 = \omega^2 \cdot l = \omega_0 \cdot \varphi^2 \cdot l =$$

$$= \omega_0 \cdot l \cdot \left(\frac{\varphi_0 - \varphi}{180^\circ} \right) = 1,82 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 3 \text{ m} \cdot \left(\frac{3,5^\circ - 0^\circ}{180^\circ} \right) = 0,3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_0 = \omega_0 \cdot \varphi_0 \cdot l$$

SR. 29/NAL. 3



$$X_0 = 50 \text{ cm}$$

$$k = 30 \text{ N/m}$$

$$x(0,2 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$v(0,2 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$a(0,2 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$a_{\text{max}} = ?$$

$$\Delta X_0 = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$W_p = \frac{1}{2} k \Delta X^2$$

$$t = \frac{t_0}{2}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{30 \text{ N}}{m \cdot 0,3 \text{ kg}}} = 10 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta X = \Delta X_0 \cdot \cos(\omega t)$$

$$\Delta X = 5 \text{ cm} \cdot \cos(10 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 0,2 \text{ s}) = -2,1 \text{ cm}$$

$$X(0,2 \text{ s}) = 50 \text{ cm} - 2,1 \text{ cm} = 47,9 \text{ cm}$$

$$a(0,2 \text{ s}) = \frac{-k \Delta X}{m} = \frac{-30 \text{ N} \cdot (0,021 \text{ m})}{0,3 \text{ kg}} = -2,1 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v = \frac{d(\Delta X_0 \cdot \cos(\omega t))}{dt} = \Delta X_0 \cdot (-\sin(\omega t) \cdot \omega) = -\Delta X_0 \cdot \omega \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

odvajamo

$$\sum F = m a$$

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$F_{\text{vz}} = m \cdot a$$

$$-kx = m \cdot a$$

$$-kx = m \cdot \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$\Delta X = \Delta X_0 \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

$$-k \cdot \Delta X_0 \cdot \sin(\omega t) = m \cdot \Delta X_0 \cdot (-\omega^2) \cdot \sin(\omega t)$$

$$k = m \cdot \omega^2$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

(24)

$$N = 5 \text{ cm} \cdot 10 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot \sin 2 = \underline{\underline{-45,5 \text{ cm/s}}}$$

$$\sin 2 = \omega t \Rightarrow \omega t = 10 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 0,2 \text{ s}$$

$$a_{\max} = \frac{|k \cdot \Delta X_0|}{m} = \frac{30 \text{ N} \cdot 0,05 \text{ m}}{m \cdot 0,3 \text{ kg}} = \underline{\underline{5 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{6,28}{10 \text{ s}^{-1}} = 0,63 \text{ s}$$

$$t = \frac{t_0}{2} = \underline{\underline{0,315 \text{ s}}}$$

formule:

$$X = A \cdot \sin \omega t \quad (\cos \omega t)$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} v_0 = \omega \cdot A \\ a_0 = \omega^2 \cdot A \end{matrix} \right\} \text{max}$$

A - amplituda

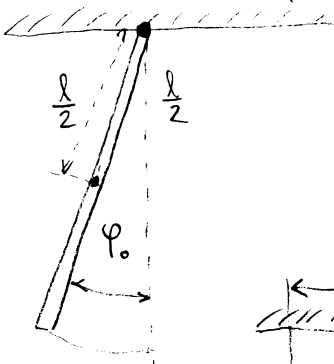
str. 30/NAL.5

$$m = 2,8 \text{ kg} \\ l = 1,5 \text{ m}$$

$$m \cdot a = F \rightarrow \text{kratkije točkasto telo}$$

$$J \cdot \alpha = M \rightarrow \text{točkasto telo (palica)}$$

USUVAN ZAVAN



$$\frac{1}{3} m \cdot l^2 \cdot \alpha = -F_g \cdot \frac{l}{2} \cdot \sin \varphi$$

$$\frac{1}{3} m \cdot l \cdot \alpha = -m \cdot g \cdot \frac{\varphi}{2}$$

$$\alpha = -\frac{3g}{2l} \cdot \varphi$$

točkasto telo (vrhica z maso)

$$\sin \varphi \approx \varphi$$

$$\cos \varphi \approx 1$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{3g}{2l}}$$

točkasto telo (palica)

$$\varphi = 4^\circ \\ t_0 = ?$$

$$W_{k_{\max}} = ?$$

palica

$$M = -r_{\perp} \cdot F = -\frac{l}{2} \cdot \sin \varphi \cdot F$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot 10 \text{ m}}{2 \cdot \text{s}^2 \cdot 1,5 \text{ m}}} = \underline{\underline{3,16 \text{ s}^{-1}}}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{6,28}{3,16 \text{ s}^{-1}} = \underline{\underline{2 \text{ s}}}$$

$$W_{k_{\max}} = W_{p_{\max}}$$

$$W_{p_{\max}} = m \cdot g \cdot h$$

$$h = \frac{l}{2} - \left(\frac{l}{2} \cdot \cos \varphi \right) = \frac{l}{2} (1 - \cos \varphi)$$

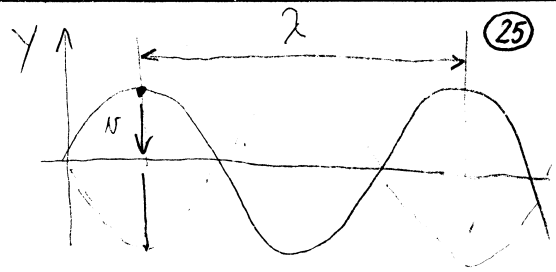
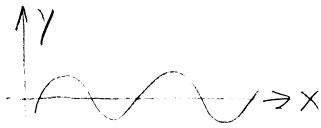
$$W_{p_{\max}} = m \cdot g \cdot \frac{l}{2} (1 - \cos \varphi) = 2,8 \text{ kg} \cdot 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \frac{1,5 \text{ m}}{2} \cdot (1 - \cos 4^\circ)$$

$$W_{p_{\max}} = 0,05 \text{ J} = W_{k_{\max}}$$

VALOVANJE:

STR. 30 / NAL. 1.

$$y(x, t)$$



25

$$y = A \cdot \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

φ - faza valovanja

$$\varphi = \omega t + kx$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{t_0}$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_0}$$

λ_0 - valovna dolžina

$$y = A \cdot \sin\left(2\pi\left(\frac{t}{t_0} - \frac{x}{\lambda_0}\right)\right)$$

$$v_0 = \frac{\lambda_0}{t_0} = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{k} = \frac{\omega}{k} = \lambda_0 \cdot \nu_0$$

hitrost valovanja

$$y = A \cdot \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

$$v = -A \cdot \omega \cdot \cos(kx - \omega t)$$

$$a = -A \cdot \omega^2 \cdot \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

$$A = 3,3 \text{ cm}$$

$$k = 0,47 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$\omega = 3,7 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda = ?$$

$$t_0 = ?$$

$$y(20 \text{ m}; 6,9 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$v_y(20 \text{ m}; 6,9 \text{ s}) = ?$$

$$v = ?$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k} = \frac{2\pi \text{ m}}{0,47} = 13,4 \text{ m}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi \cdot \text{s}}{3,7} = 1,7 \text{ s}$$

$$v = \frac{\lambda}{t_0} = \frac{13,4 \text{ m}}{1,7 \text{ s}} = 7,9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$y(20 \text{ m}; 6,9 \text{ s}) = 3,3 \text{ cm} \cdot \sin(0,47 \text{ m}^{-1} \cdot 20 \text{ m} - 3,7 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 6,9 \text{ s}) = -0,92 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_y = \frac{dy}{dt} = A \cdot \cos(kx - \omega t) \cdot (-\omega) = 3,3 \text{ cm} \cdot \cos(-16,3) \cdot (-3,7 \text{ s}^{-1}) = 11 \text{ cm/s}$$

↑
odvajamo

STR. 31 / NAL. 4

$$\nu = 600 \text{ Hz}$$

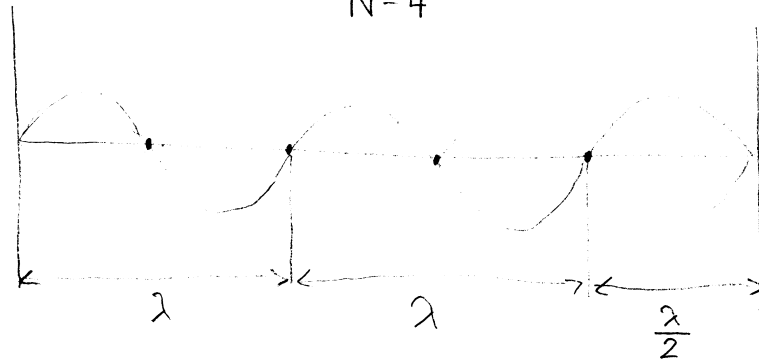
$$v = 400 \text{ m/s}$$

$$N = 4$$

$$\lambda = ?$$

$$m = 5g / F = ?$$

$N = 4$



$$l = N \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

↑
splošno

$$l = 5 \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$v = \nu \cdot \lambda \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{v}{\nu} = \frac{400 \text{ m/s}}{600} = \frac{2}{3} = 0,66 \text{ m}$$

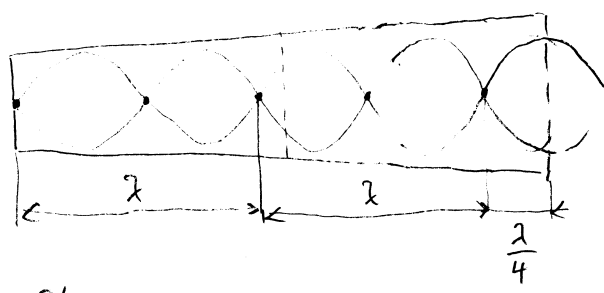
$$l = 5 \cdot \frac{0,66}{2} = 1,65 \text{ m}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{F}{m/l}} = \sqrt{\frac{F \cdot l}{m}}$$

$$c^2 = \frac{F \cdot l}{m} \Rightarrow F = \frac{c^2 \cdot m}{l} = \frac{160000 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 0.0005 \text{ kg}}{1^2 \cdot 1.65 \text{ m}} = 480 \text{ N}$$

NAL. 5

- $\nu_1 = 500 \text{ Hz}$
- $\Delta l = 0.5 \text{ m}$
- $\nu_2 = ?$
- $N = ?$
- (5 m/s)
- $c = 340 \text{ m/s}$



$$\lambda + \lambda + \frac{\lambda}{4} = \frac{9}{4} \lambda$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{\nu_1} = \frac{340 \text{ m}}{500 \text{ s}^{-1}} = 0.68 \text{ m}$$

$$l_1 = \frac{9}{4} \lambda = 1.53 \text{ m} \quad l_2 = 2.03 \text{ m}$$

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{4}{9} l_2 = 0.9 \text{ m}$$

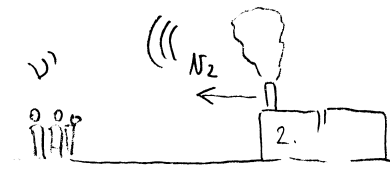
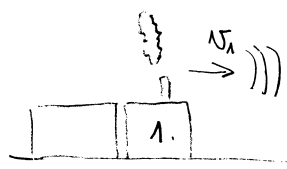
$$\nu_2 = \frac{c}{\lambda_2} = \frac{340 \text{ m}}{0.9 \text{ m}} = 377 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$N = 4$

STR 31/NAL. 8

DOPLERSKEV POJAV

- $\nu = 80 \text{ km/h}$
- $\nu = 500 \text{ Hz}$



- a) gibanje izvora / opazovalec miruje
- b) gibanje opazovalca

a) $c' = c$
 $c' = \lambda' \cdot \nu' = \lambda \cdot \nu = c$
 $\nu' = \frac{\lambda \cdot \nu}{\lambda'}$

$\lambda' = \lambda - \nu_1 \cdot t_0$
 $\lambda' = \lambda - \nu_1 \cdot \frac{1}{\nu}$
 $\nu = \frac{c}{\lambda}$

a)
$$\nu' = \frac{\nu}{1 \mp \frac{\nu_1}{c}}$$

PRIB.: -
 ODDAL.: +

$$\nu' = \frac{\lambda \cdot \nu}{\lambda(1 - \frac{\nu_1}{c})}$$

$$\nu' = \frac{\nu}{1 - \frac{\nu_1}{c}}$$

$$\nu' = \frac{500 \text{ Hz}}{1 - \left(\frac{80 \text{ km} \cdot \text{h}}{\text{h} \cdot 1224 \text{ km}}\right)} = 535 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\lambda' = \lambda - \frac{\nu_1}{\left(\frac{c}{\lambda}\right)}$$

$$\lambda' = \lambda - \frac{\nu_1 \lambda}{c}$$

$$\lambda' = \lambda \left(1 - \frac{\nu_1}{c}\right)$$

b)

mikrofon

$$c' = c + v$$

$$\lambda' \cdot v' = \lambda v + v$$

$$\lambda \cdot v' = \lambda \cdot v + v$$

$$v' = v + \frac{v}{\lambda} = v + \frac{v \cdot v}{c}$$

$$v' = v \left(1 + \frac{v}{c} \right)$$

c)

$$v' = v \left(1 \pm \frac{v}{c} \right)$$

PRIBL.: +
OSDAL.: -

c)

$$v'' = v \cdot \frac{\left(1 \pm \frac{v_{op.}}{c} \right)}{\left(1 \pm \frac{v_{izv.}}{c} \right)}$$

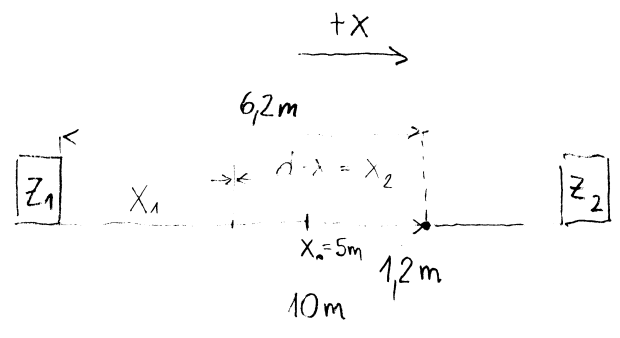
PRIBL.: +
OSDAL.: -
PRIBL.: -
OSDAL.: +

$$v'' = v \cdot \frac{\left(1 + \frac{v_2}{c} \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{v_1}{c} \right)} = 500 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot \frac{\left(1 + \frac{60 \text{ km/h}}{1224 \text{ km/h}} \right)}{\left(1 - \frac{80 \text{ km/h}}{1224 \text{ km/h}} \right)} = 561 \text{ Hz}$$

22.02.2007

INTERFERENCA: (stojee valovanje) SUPERFIZICNA

STR. 32/NAL. 9



$v = 1 \text{ kHz}$
 $d = 10 \text{ m}$
 $c = 340 \text{ m/s}$

N =

skupnovalovanje

$$Y = A \cdot \cos(\omega t \pm kx)$$

$$Y_1 = A \cdot \cos(\omega t - kx)$$

$$Y_2 = A \cdot \cos(\omega t + k(x-d))$$

$$Y = Y_1 + Y_2 = A \left(\cos(\omega t - kx) + \cos(\omega t + k(x-d)) \right)$$

$t = 0$

izberemo, da je

$\varphi_1 = -kx$

$\varphi_2 = k(x-d)$

OSLABITEV: $\Delta \varphi = \pi + N \cdot 2\pi; \pi(2N+1)$

POSILITEV: $N \cdot 2\pi = \pi(2N) = 2N\pi$



28) $\Delta\varphi = \varphi_2 - \varphi_1 = k(x-d) + kx = kx - kd + kx = 2kx - kd$

$$2N\lambda = 2 \cdot \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x - \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \cdot d$$

$$N = \frac{2x}{\lambda} - \frac{d}{\lambda}$$

$$N\lambda = 2x - d \Rightarrow x = \frac{N\lambda + d}{2} = 5m + \frac{N\lambda}{2}$$

$$c = \lambda \cdot \nu$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{\nu} = 0,34m$$

$$x = 5m + \frac{N \cdot c}{\nu \cdot 2} = 5m + 0,17N$$

$$N(\max) \Rightarrow 6,2m = 5m + 0,17N$$

$$1,2m = 0,17N$$

$$N = \frac{1,2m}{0,17} = 7,05 = \underline{\underline{7}}$$

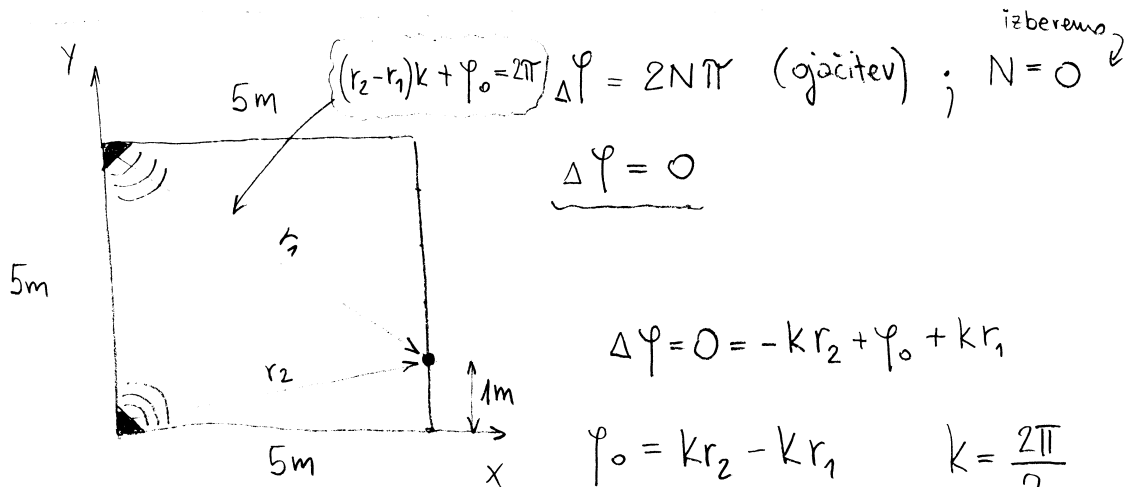
↑ uprštevanosti se ojačitev pri ničli $x_0 = 5m$

$N = 8$
OJAČITEV

STR. 32 / NAL. M.

$\nu = 200Hz$

$\varphi_0 = ?$ (fazni zamik)



$$\Delta\varphi = 0$$

$$\Delta\varphi = 0 = -kr_2 + \varphi_0 + kr_1$$

$$\varphi_0 = kr_2 - kr_1$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\varphi_0 = -4,81$$

$$k = 3,7m^{-1}$$

$$\varphi_1 = -kr_1$$

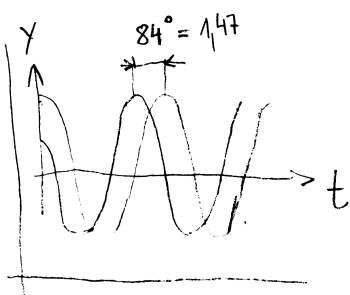
$$\varphi_2 = -kr_2 + \varphi_0$$

$$r_2 = \sqrt{25m^2 + 1m^2} = 5,1m$$

$$r_1 = \sqrt{25m^2 + 16m^2} = 6,4m$$

$$\varphi_0 = -4,81 + 2\pi = 1,47 = 84^\circ$$

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{\nu} = 1,7m$$



razlika faz je večkratnik števila π .

Energijski zbirnik, mizejki,
 zbirka kolicina, tehnicna - kemijska ucaba, hidrodinamika, kvalitativni zbirnik,
 spoznatost snovi, krojci - tehnicni popisale, nupicni met - porami met,

TERMOSTATIKA:

STR. 33 / NAL. 2

$$\frac{\Delta l}{l} = \alpha \cdot \Delta T ; \Delta l = l \cdot \alpha \cdot \Delta T$$

$T_0 = 10^\circ C$

$l_{Cu} = 2005 \text{ mm}$

$l'_{Cu} = l'_{Zn}$

$l_{Zn} = 2000 \text{ mm}$

$l_{Cu} + l_{Cu} \cdot \alpha_{Cu} \cdot \Delta T = l_{Zn} + l_{Zn} \cdot \alpha_{Zn} \cdot \Delta T$

$\alpha_{Cu} = 1,67 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1}$

$l_{Cu} - l_{Zn} = l_{Zn} \alpha_{Zn} \cdot \Delta T - l_{Cu} \alpha_{Cu} \Delta T$

$\alpha_{Zn} = 3,0 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1}$

$l_{Cu} - l_{Zn} = \Delta T (l_{Zn} \alpha_{Zn} - l_{Cu} \alpha_{Cu})$

$$\Delta T = \frac{l_{Cu} - l_{Zn}}{l_{Zn} \alpha_{Zn} - l_{Cu} \alpha_{Cu}} = \frac{5 \text{ mm}}{2000 \text{ mm} (3 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1} - 1,67 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1})}$$

$\Delta T = 188 K$

$T_1 = \Delta T + T_0 = 198^\circ C$

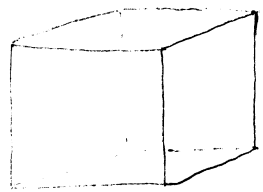
STR. 33 / NAL. 3

$V_0 = 5 \text{ m}^3$

$\Delta T = 23 K$

$\beta_N = 9,5 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1}$

$\alpha_{Fe} = 1,1 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1}$



$V = a^3$

$V'_{Fe} = a'^3 = (a + a \alpha_{Fe} \cdot \Delta T)^3$

$= a^3 (1 + \alpha_{Fe} \cdot \Delta T)^3 \Rightarrow$

$\approx a^3 (1 + 3 \alpha_{Fe} \Delta T) =$

$= a^3 (1 + \beta_{Fe} \Delta T)$

$\Delta V = V'_N - V'_{Fe}$

$\Delta V = a^3 + a^3 \beta_N \Delta T - (a^3 + a^3 \beta_{Fe} \Delta T)$

$\Delta V = a^3 \Delta T (\beta_N - \beta_{Fe})$

$\Delta V = 5000 \text{ l} \cdot 23 K (9,5 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1} - 3 \cdot 1,1 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1})$

$\Delta V = 7,1 \text{ l}$

$$\begin{cases} \Delta l = l \cdot \alpha \cdot \Delta T \\ \Delta V = V \cdot \beta \cdot \Delta T \end{cases}$$

$\beta_{Fe} = 3 \alpha_{Fe}$

PLINSKA ENAČBA: (30)

STR. 33/141.1

$$V_1 = 5 \text{ l}$$

$$m = 0,2 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_1 = 296 \text{ K} = 23^\circ \text{C}$$

$$V_2 = 8 \text{ l}$$

$$p_3 = \frac{p_1}{2}$$

$$V_4 = 10 \text{ l}$$

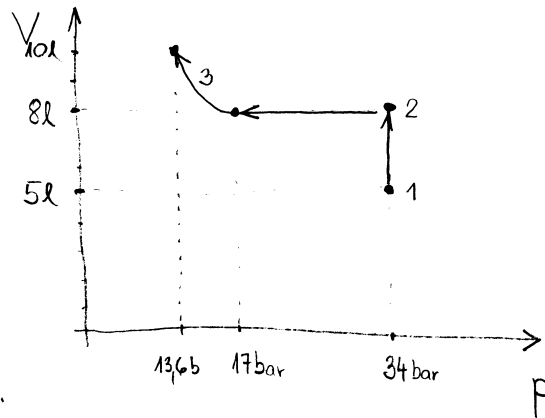
$$M = 29 \text{ kg/kmol}$$

$$R = 8314 \text{ J/kmol K}$$

izohora \rightarrow volumen konst.

izoterma \rightarrow temp. konst.

izohora \rightarrow pritisk (tlak) konst.



izobarna spr.

a) $p \cdot V = \frac{m \cdot R \cdot T}{M}$ ideal. plinska enač.,

$$p_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot R \cdot T_1}{M \cdot V_1} = \frac{0,2 \text{ kg} \cdot 8314 \text{ J} \cdot 296 \text{ K}}{\text{kmol} \cdot 29 \text{ kg} \cdot 0,005 \text{ m}^3} = 3,4 \cdot 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2 [\text{Pa}]$$

$$= 34 \text{ bar} = p_2$$

izohorna spr.

b) $p_2 = p_1$

$$\frac{p_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{p_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} \Rightarrow T_2 = \frac{V_2 \cdot T_1}{V_1} = 474 \text{ K}$$

c) izohorna sprememba

$$V_3 = V_2$$

$$\frac{p_2 V_2}{T_2} = \frac{p_3 V_3}{T_3} \Rightarrow$$

$$p_3 = \frac{p_1}{2} = 17 \text{ bar}$$

$$T_3 = \frac{p_3 T_2}{p_2} = 237 \text{ K}$$

d) izoterma sprememba:

$$T_3 = T_4$$

$$\frac{p_3 V_3}{T_3} = \frac{p_4 V_4}{T_4}$$

$$p_4 = \frac{p_3 V_3}{V_4} = 13,6 \text{ bar}$$

$h = 0,2 \text{ m}$

$T = 294 \text{ K}$

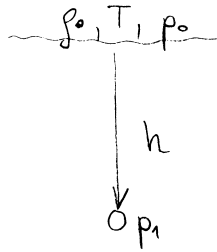
$p_0 = 1,02 \text{ bar}$

$\rho = ?$

zraka na gladini

$h_2 = ? (\rho = 2 \cdot \rho_0)$

$\rho_{H_2O} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$



$p_1 = p_0 + \rho_{H_2O} g h$

$p_1 = 1,02 \text{ bar} + 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 0,2 \text{ m}$

$p_1 = 1,02 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2 + 0,02 \cdot 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

$p_1 = 1,1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa} = 1,1 \text{ bar}$

$\frac{p_1 \cdot V_1}{T_1} = \frac{m \cdot R}{M} \quad / : V_1$

$\frac{p_1}{T_1} = \frac{\rho \cdot R}{M} = \frac{R}{M} \cdot \rho$

$\rho = \frac{p \cdot M}{R \cdot T}$

$\rho = \frac{p_1 \cdot M}{T_1 \cdot R} = \frac{1,1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa} \cdot 29 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{kmol}^{-1} \text{ K}}{\text{kmol} \cdot 294 \text{ K} \cdot 8314 \text{ J}} = 1,3 \text{ kg/m}^3$

$\frac{p_2 \cdot M}{R \cdot T} = \frac{2 \cdot p_0 \cdot M}{R \cdot T}$

$p_2 = 2 p_0 = 2,04 \text{ bar}$

$p_2 = 2,04 \text{ bar} = p_0 + \rho g h_2 = 1,02 \text{ bar} + \rho g h_2$

$h_2 = \frac{1,02 \text{ bar} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^2}{1000 \text{ kg} \cdot 10 \text{ m}} = 10,2 \text{ m}$

NAL. 4 $h = 1000 \text{ m}$

$p_0 = 0,9 \text{ bar}$

$T_0 = 283 \text{ K}$

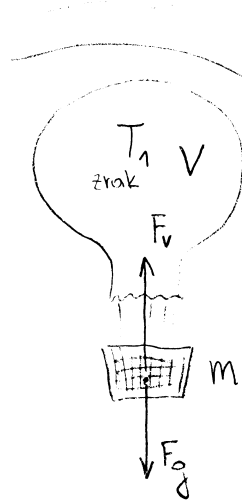
$T_1 = 318 \text{ K}$

$m = 200 \text{ kg}$

$m_z = ?$

$m_H - m_V = m_t$

izpodrinjeni zrak



$F_{zg} = F_g \rightarrow m_{\text{balona}} + m_{\text{zraka v kupoli}}$

$m_z' \cdot g = m_t \cdot g + m_z \cdot g$

$m_z' - m_z = m_t$

$\frac{p \cdot V}{T} = \frac{m \cdot R}{M} \Rightarrow m = \frac{pVM}{RT}$

$\frac{p_0 \cdot V \cdot M}{R T_H} - \frac{p_0 \cdot V \cdot M}{R T_V} = m_t$

$\frac{p_0 V M}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_H} - \frac{1}{T_V} \right) = m_t \Rightarrow V = \frac{m_t \cdot R}{\left(\frac{1}{T_H} - \frac{1}{T_V} \right) \cdot M p_0} = \frac{0,64 \text{ m}^3 \text{ K}}{3,9 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ K}}$

$V = 1650 \text{ m}^3$

7. 3. 2007 (32)

SID. 34 / NAL. 1 :

$$C = 800 \text{ J/K}$$

$$m_v = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_v = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

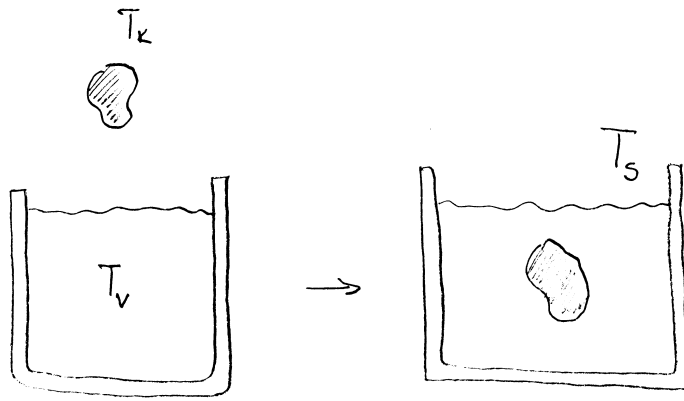
$$m_k = 1,5 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_k = 500^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_s = 90^\circ\text{C}$$

$$c_{v_1} = 4200 \text{ J/kgK}$$

$$c_{v_2} = ?$$



oddana

prejeta

$$Q_o = Q_p$$

$$Q = m \cdot c_v \cdot \Delta T$$

$$Q = C \cdot \Delta T$$

splosna for-
mula

$$C = 750 \text{ J/K}$$

$$m_v = 1,5 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_v = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$m_{\text{Fe}} = 2,5 \text{ kg}$$

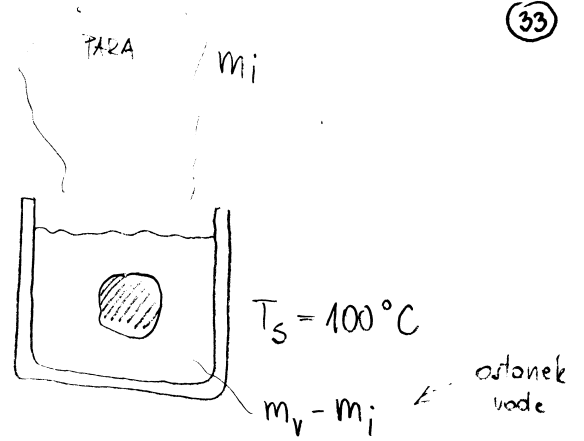
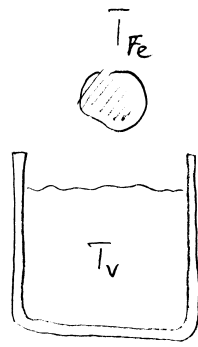
$$T_{\text{Fe}} = 800^\circ\text{C}$$

$$m_i =$$

$$c_{v1} = 4200 \text{ J/kgK}$$

$$q_i = 2,2 \text{ MJ/kg}$$

$$c_{v2} = 457 \text{ J/kgK}$$



$$Q_o = Q_p$$

$$m_{\text{Fe}} \cdot c_{v2} \cdot (T_{\text{Fe}} - T_s) = \underbrace{C \cdot (T_s - T_v)}_{\text{POSOBA}} + \underbrace{m_v \cdot c_{v1} \cdot (T_s - T_v)}_{\text{VODA}} + \underbrace{m_i \cdot q_i}_{\text{PARA}}$$

$$m_i \cdot q_i = m_{\text{Fe}} \cdot c_{v2} \cdot (T_{\text{Fe}} - T_s) - (T_s - T_v) \cdot (C + m_v \cdot c_{v1})$$

$$m_i \cdot q_i = 2,5 \text{ kg} \cdot 457 \text{ J/kgK} \cdot 700\text{K} - 80\text{K} \cdot 7050 \text{ J/K}$$

$$m_i \cdot q_i = 236 \text{ kJ}$$

$$m_i = \frac{236 \text{ kJ}}{2200 \text{ kJ}} = \underline{\underline{107 \text{ g}}}$$

$$m = 1 \text{ g}$$

$$T_o = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\eta = 0,75$$

$$c_v = 130 \text{ J/kgK}$$

$$T_T = 327^\circ\text{C}$$

$$q_T = 22,5 \text{ kJ}$$

$$v = ?$$



$$\eta \cdot \Delta W_k = Q_p$$

$$0,75 \cdot \frac{1}{2} m \cdot v^2 = m \cdot c_v \cdot T_T + m \cdot q_T$$

$$v^2 = \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot c_v \cdot T_T + m \cdot q_T}{0,75 \cdot m}$$

$$v^2 = \frac{2 \cdot 130 \text{ J/kgK} \cdot 327\text{K} + 22,5 \cdot 10^3 \text{ J}}{0,75}$$

$$v^2 = 173400 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$v = \underline{\underline{416 \text{ m/s}}}$$

STR. 37 / NAL. 1 (34)

$$S_1 = 35 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P = 4 \text{ kW}$$

$$T_z = -20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\lambda = 0,4 \text{ W m}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$d = 0,15 \text{ m}$$

$$T_{N_1} = ?$$

$$S_2 = 25 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_o = 1800 \text{ W}$$

$$\Delta T_{N_2} = ?$$

$$j = \frac{P}{S} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{toplota tok} \\ \text{godota toplotnogo toka} \end{array}$$

$$j = \lambda \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{d}$$

$$P = \lambda \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{d} \cdot S_1$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{P \cdot d}{\lambda \cdot S_1} = \frac{4000 \text{ W} \cdot 0,15 \text{ m} \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{K}}{0,4 \text{ W} \cdot 35 \text{ m}^2} = 42,8 \text{ K}$$

$$T_{N_1} = T_z + \Delta T = 22,8^\circ\text{C}$$

$$P = \lambda \cdot \frac{\Delta T}{d} \cdot S_2 + P_o$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{P - P_o}{\lambda \cdot S_2} \cdot d = \frac{2200 \text{ W} \cdot 0,15 \text{ m} \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{K}}{0,4 \text{ W} \cdot 25 \text{ m}^2} = 33 \text{ K}$$

$$T_{N_2} = T_z + \Delta T = 13^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta T' = T_{N_1} - T_{N_2} = 22,8^\circ\text{C} - 13^\circ\text{C} = 9,8^\circ\text{C}$$

STR. 39 / NAL. 1

$$R = 5,3 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m}$$

$$e_o = 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ As}$$

$$m_e = 9,1 \cdot 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$R_{pp} = 4 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ m}$$

$$F_{pe} = ?$$

$$V = ?$$

$$F_{pp} = ?$$

$$E_o = 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As/mV}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{e_1 \cdot e_2}{4\pi\epsilon_o \cdot R^2} \cdot \left(\frac{\vec{R}}{R}\right) \text{ smer} \quad \boxed{F = \frac{e_1 \cdot e_2}{4\pi\epsilon_o \cdot R^2} \text{ velikost}}$$

$$F_g = \frac{m_1 \cdot m_2 \cdot G}{R^2}$$

$$F_{pe} = \frac{(1,6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ As})^2 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{V}}{4\pi (5,3 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m})^2 \cdot 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As}}$$

$$[V] = \left[\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{As}^3} \right]$$

$$F_{pe} = 8,2 \cdot 10^8 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{pe} = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{R} \Rightarrow v^2 = \frac{F_{pe} \cdot R}{m}$$

$$v = 2,2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F_{pp} = \frac{e_1 \cdot e_2}{4\pi \epsilon_0 \cdot R^2} = \frac{(1,6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ As})^2 \text{ Vm}}{4\pi \cdot 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As} (4 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ m})^2} = \underline{\underline{144 \text{ N}}}$$

STR. 39/NAL. 2

$$e_1 = 3 \mu \text{ As}$$

$$e_2 = -5 \mu \text{ As}$$

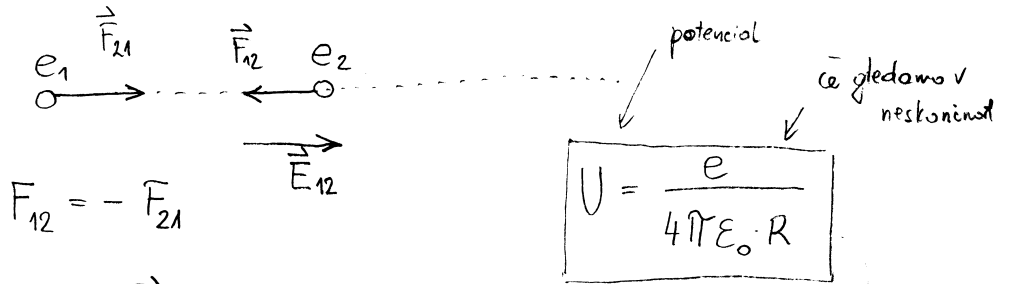
$$d = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\vec{E}_{12} = ?$$

$$\vec{F}_{12} = ?$$

$$d_2 = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = ?$$



$$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{e} \quad [\text{V/m}]$$

elekt. potencial $\rightarrow \Delta U [\text{V}]$

$$F = e \cdot E$$

$$A = e \cdot \Delta U$$

$$\vec{E}_{12} = \frac{e_1}{4\pi \cdot \epsilon_0 \cdot R^2} = \frac{3 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ As} \cdot \text{Vm}}{4\pi \cdot 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As} \cdot (0,05)^2 \text{ m}^2} = \underline{\underline{1,08 \cdot 10^7 \text{ V/m}}}$$

$$\vec{F}_{12} = \vec{E}_{12} \cdot e_2 = 1,08 \cdot 10^7 \text{ V/m} \cdot (-5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ As}) = \underline{\underline{-54 \text{ N}}}$$

$$A = \Delta W_{pe} ; \quad W_{pe} = U_1 \cdot e_2 = W_{pe}(0,1 \text{ m}) - W_{pe}(0,05 \text{ m})$$

$$A = U_1(0,1 \text{ m}) \cdot e_2 - U_1(0,05 \text{ m}) \cdot e_2 = e_2 (U_1(0,1 \text{ m}) - U_2(0,05 \text{ m}))$$

$$A = -5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ As} (270 \text{ kV} - 540 \text{ kV})$$

$$\underline{\underline{A = 1,35 \text{ J}}}$$

$$U = \frac{e_1}{4\pi \epsilon_0 \cdot R} = \underline{\underline{270 \text{ kV}}}$$

STR. 40/NAL. 7.

$$g = 9,8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$R_z = 6400 \text{ km}$$

$$m_{\text{Lune}} = 1/80 m_z$$

$$m_H = 1,66 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_z = ?$$

$$g = \frac{G \cdot m_z}{R_z^2} \Rightarrow m_z = \frac{g \cdot R_z^2}{G} = \frac{9,8 \text{ m} \cdot 6400 \cdot 10^3 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^3}{\text{N} \cdot 6,67 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3}$$

$$\underline{\underline{m_z = 6 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ kg}}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{m_L = 7,5 \cdot 10^{22} \text{ kg}}}$$

(36)

$$F_{ee} = F_g$$

$$\frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2} = \frac{m_z \cdot m_L \cdot G}{R^2}$$

$$e^2 = G m_L m_z \cdot 4\pi\epsilon_0 = 3,34 \cdot 10^{27} (\text{As})^2$$

$$\underline{e = 5,8 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ As}}$$

$$N = \frac{e_1}{e_0} = \frac{1,15 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ As}}{1,6 \cdot 10^{27} \text{ As}} = \underline{7,2 \cdot 10^{32}}$$

$$m = m_H \cdot N = 1,66 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \cdot 7,2 \cdot 10^{32}$$

$$\underline{m = 1200 \text{ t}}$$

STR. 41 / NAL. 1

$$h = 500 \text{ m} = d$$

$$e = 10 \text{ As}$$

$$U = ?$$

$$S = 4 \text{ km}^2 = 4 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}^2$$

$$E = ?$$

$$e = C \cdot U$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 S \epsilon_r}{d}$$

relativno dielektr. konst.

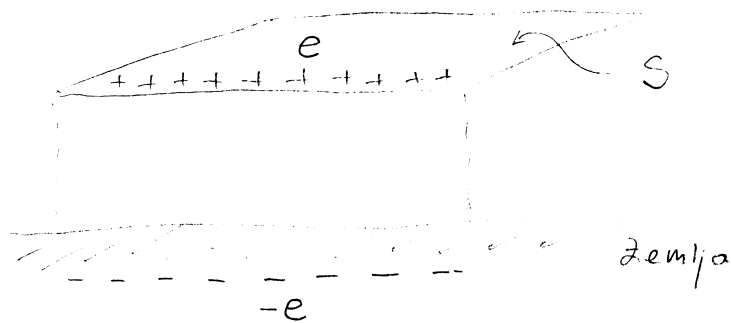
$$U = \frac{e}{C}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \cdot S}{d}$$

$$C = \frac{8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As} \cdot 4 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}^2}{1 \text{ mV} \cdot 500 \text{ m}} = \underline{7,1 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ F}}$$

$$U = \frac{e}{C} = \frac{10 \text{ As} \cdot \text{V}}{7,1 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ As}} = \underline{1,4 \cdot 10^8 \text{ V}}$$

$$E = \frac{\Delta U}{\Delta l} = \frac{U}{d} = \frac{1,4 \cdot 10^8 \text{ V}}{500 \text{ m}} = \underline{282 \text{ kV/m}}$$



STR 41 / NAL. 2

$$S = 100 \text{ cm}^2$$

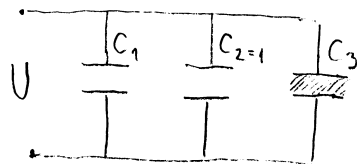
$$d = 2 \text{ mm}$$

$$U = 9 \text{ V}$$

$$\epsilon_r = 3$$

b) zapor. $e_1, e_2, e_3 = ?$ a) vzpor. $e_1, e_2, e_3 = ?$

b)



$$U_1 = U_2 = U_3 = 9 \text{ V}$$

$$e = U \cdot C$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_r \epsilon_0 \cdot S}{d}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\epsilon_0 \cdot S}{d} = \frac{8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As} \cdot 0,01 \text{ m}^2}{2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}} = 4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

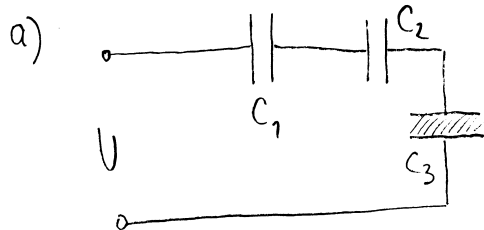
$$C_2 = 4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

$$C_3 = 4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \cdot 3 = 1,33 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ F}$$

$$e_1 = 9 \text{ V} \cdot 4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} = 4 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ As}$$

$$e_2 = 4 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ As}$$

$$e_3 = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ As} = 1,2 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ As}$$



$$e_1 = e_2 = e_3 \quad \frac{1}{C} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_3}$$

$$C_{12} = \frac{C_1 \cdot C_2}{C_1 + C_2} = \frac{(4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F})^2}{4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} + 4,43 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}} = 2,27 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

$$C_{s3} = \frac{C_{12} \cdot C_3}{C_{12} + C_3} = \frac{2,27 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} \cdot 1,33 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ F}}{2,27 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} + 1,33 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ F}} = 1,94 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

$$e_{s3} = C_{s3} \cdot U = 1,94 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} \cdot 9 \text{ V} = 1,7 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ As}$$

$$W_e = \frac{1}{2} C U^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^2}{C} \rightarrow \text{elekt. enengija v kondenzatorju!}$$

STR 42 / NAL. 5

$$S = 0,012 \text{ m}^2$$

$$d_1 = 0,002 \text{ m}$$

$$U_1 = 200 \text{ V}$$

$$d_2 = 0,004$$

$$C_2 = \frac{1}{2} C_1$$

$$U_2 = ?$$

$$A = ?$$

$$e_1 = e_2$$

$$U_1 \cdot C_1 = U_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$U_2 = \frac{U_1 C_1}{C_2} = \frac{U_1 \epsilon_{r2}}{\epsilon_{r1}} = 400 \text{ V}$$

$$\textcircled{38} C_1 = \epsilon_0 \frac{S}{d} = 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ As/Vm} \cdot \frac{0,012 \text{ m}^2}{0,002 \text{ m}} = 5,3 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

$$C_2 = 2,66 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F}$$

$$\Delta W_e = A \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} C_2 U_2^2 - \frac{1}{2} C_1 U_1^2 = A$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,66 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} \cdot (400 \text{ V})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,3 \cdot 10^{-11} \text{ F} \cdot (200 \text{ V})^2 = A$$

$$\underline{A = 1,07 \mu \text{ J}}$$

STR. 42/NAL. 2

$$R_1 = 10 \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 20 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 50 \Omega$$

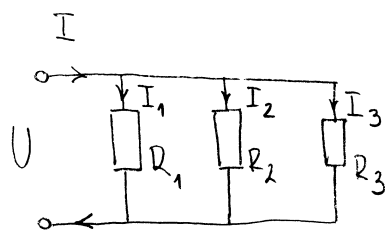
a) 12 por.

b) 23 por.

$$U = ?$$

$$I = 0,5 \text{ A}$$

a)



$$U_1 = U_2 = U_3$$

$$I = I_1 + I_2 + I_3$$

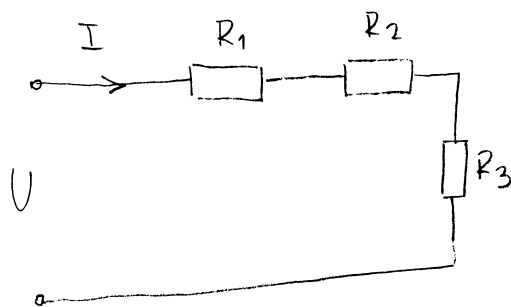
$$U = R \cdot I$$

$$R_{12} = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{200 \Omega^2}{30 \Omega} = \underline{6,67 \Omega}$$

$$R_{123} = \frac{R_{12} \cdot R_3}{R_{12} + R_3} = \frac{6,67 \Omega \cdot 50 \Omega}{6,67 \Omega + 50 \Omega} = \underline{5,9 \Omega}$$

$$U = R_{123} \cdot I = 5,9 \Omega \cdot 0,5 \text{ A} = \underline{2,95 \text{ V}}$$

b)



$$R_n = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 = 80 \Omega$$

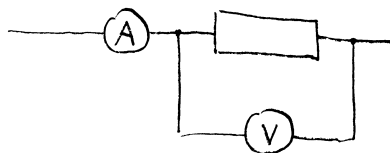
$$\underline{U = R_n \cdot I = 80 \Omega \cdot 0,5 \text{ A} = 40 \text{ V}}$$

$R = 300 \Omega$

$R_A = 25 \Omega$

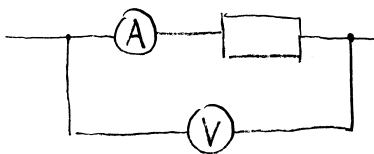
$R_V = 800 \Omega$

a) 1. vezava



$P = U \cdot I$

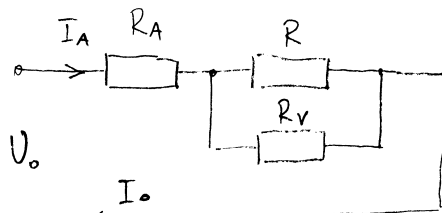
b) 2. vezava



izmerjena

a) $P_i = U_V \cdot I_A$

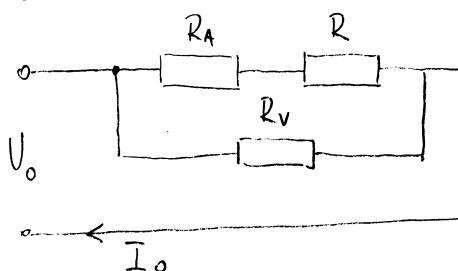
a)



$P_o = I_o \cdot U_o$

$\frac{P_i}{P_o}$

b)



$P = I^2 \cdot R = \frac{U^2}{R}$

$R_{1,2} = \frac{R \cdot R_V}{R + R_V}$

$R_{1,2} = \frac{300 \Omega \cdot 800 \Omega}{1100 \Omega} = \underline{\underline{220 \Omega}}$

$P_o = \frac{U_o^2}{R_{1,2,3}}$

$R_{1,2,3} = R_A + R_{1,2} = \underline{\underline{245 \Omega}}$

$U_V = U_o - R_A \cdot I_o = U_o - R_A \cdot \frac{U_o}{R_{1,2,3}}$

$U_V = U_o \left(1 - \frac{R_A}{R_{1,2,3}} \right)$

$P_i = U_V \cdot I_o =$

$= U_o \left(1 - \frac{R_A}{R_{1,2,3}} \right) \cdot \frac{U_o}{R_{1,2,3}}$

$\frac{P_i}{P_o} = \frac{U_o \left(1 - \frac{R_A}{R_{1,2,3}} \right) \cdot \frac{U_o}{R_{1,2,3}}}{\frac{U_o^2}{R_{1,2,3}}} = 1 - \frac{R_A}{R_{1,2,3}} = 1 - \frac{25 \Omega}{245 \Omega} = \underline{\underline{90 \Omega}}$

dojansta

b) $R_{1,2} = R_A + R = \underline{\underline{325 \Omega}}$

$P_o = I_o \cdot U_o = \frac{U_o^2}{R_s} \quad P_i = \frac{U_o^2}{R_{1,2}}$

$R_{1,2,3} = \frac{R_{1,2} \cdot R_V}{R_{1,2} + R_V} = \underline{\underline{231 \Omega}} = R_s$

$\frac{P_i}{P_o} = \frac{\frac{U_o^2}{R_{1,2}}}{\frac{U_o^2}{R_s}} = \frac{231 \Omega}{325 \Omega} = 71\%$

$$\eta_1 = \frac{P_i}{P_o} = \frac{U_o^2 \left(1 - \frac{R_A}{R_S}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{R_S}}{\frac{U_o^2}{R}} = \frac{R \left(1 - \frac{R_A}{R_S}\right)}{R_S} = \frac{300 \Omega \left(1 - \frac{25 \Omega}{245 \Omega}\right)}{245 \Omega} = \underline{\underline{1,09}}$$

STR 44 / NAL. 1

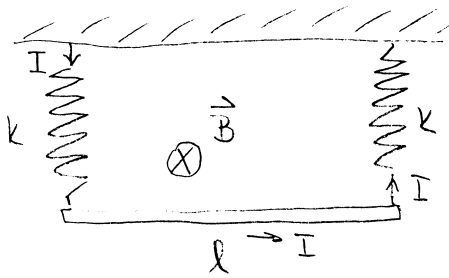
$$B = 0,3 \text{ T}$$

$$l = 0,5 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 0,3 \text{ kg}$$

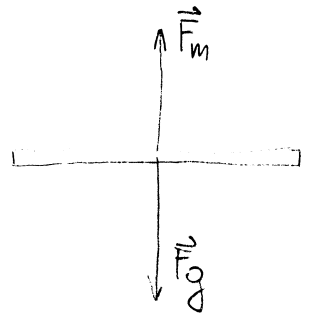
$$k = 200 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\vec{F}_m = I \vec{l} \times \vec{B}$$



$$F_g + F_m = 0$$

$$F_g = F_m$$



a)

$$I_1 = ?$$

$$I_2 = 8 \text{ A}$$

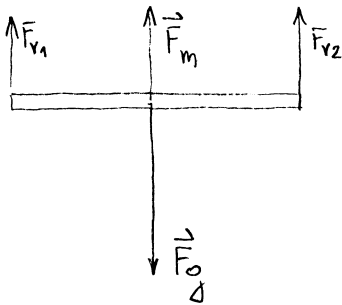
$$x = ?$$

$$m \cdot g = I_1 \cdot l \cdot B$$

$$I_1 = \frac{m \cdot g}{l \cdot B}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{0,3 \text{ kg} \cdot 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2}{0,5 \text{ m} \cdot 0,3 \text{ T}} = \underline{\underline{19,62 \text{ A}}}$$

b)



$$F_g = F_m + 2 \cdot F_v$$

$$m \cdot g = I_2 \cdot l \cdot B + 2 \cdot kx$$

$$x = \frac{mg - I_2 l B}{2k}$$

$$x = \frac{0,3 \text{ kg} \cdot 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2 - 8 \text{ A} \cdot 0,5 \text{ m} \cdot 0,3 \text{ T} \cdot \text{m}}{2 \cdot 200 \text{ N/m}} = 0,0045 \text{ m} = \underline{\underline{4,5 \text{ mm}}}$$

STR. 45 / NAL. 4

$$R = 100 \text{ m}$$

$$d = 2 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 3,5 \text{ cm}$$

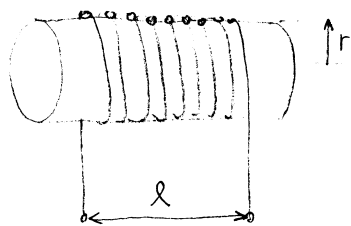
$$I = 5 \text{ A}$$

$$B = ?$$

$$l = N \cdot d$$

$$l = 455 \cdot 0,002 \text{ m}$$

$$l = 0,91 \text{ m}$$



$$B = \frac{\mu_0 \cdot N \cdot I}{l}$$

$$l = N \cdot 2\pi r$$

$$N = \frac{l}{2\pi r} = \frac{100 \text{ m}}{2\pi \cdot 0,035 \text{ m}} = 455$$

$$B = \frac{1,26 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ N/A} \cdot 455 \cdot 5 \text{ A}}{0,91 \text{ m}}$$

$$B = \underline{\underline{3,15 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ T}}}$$

STR. 46/ NAL. 8

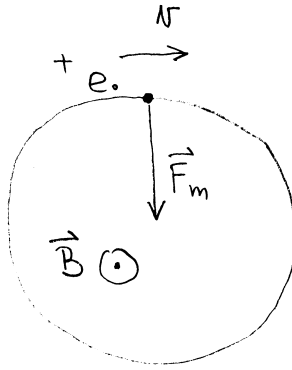
$$\vec{F}_m = e \cdot \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

(41)

$$B = 0,5 \text{ T}$$

$$R = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$m = 3,32 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$



$$F_{cp} = F_m$$

$$\frac{m v^2}{R} = e \cdot v \cdot B$$

$$v = \frac{R \cdot B \cdot e}{m}$$

$$v = \frac{0,25 \text{ m} \cdot 0,5 \text{ T} \cdot 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ As}}{3,32 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}}$$

$$v = 6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t_o = \frac{2\pi R}{v}$$

$$t_o = \frac{2\pi \cdot 0,25 \text{ m}}{6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$t_o = 2,6 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ s}$$

$$A = \Delta W_k$$

$$A = W_k$$

$$A = P \cdot t = UI \cdot t = U \cdot e$$

$$U e_o = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2}$$

$$U = \frac{m \cdot v^2}{2 \cdot e_o} = \frac{3,32 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg} \cdot 36 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ m}^2}{2 \cdot 1,6 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ As}} = \underline{\underline{374 \text{ kV}}}$$

